THE
Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,757—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 p.m.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912 28th Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
5th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	------	--
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN......	10000
19th "	PERSIA	8000	------	--
26th "	* MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA...	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000	------	--
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th "	ARABIA	8000	------	--
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA ...	10500
30th "	MEDINA...	12500	----	--

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000	----	--
1st March	MOREA.........	11000	----	--
8th "	PERSIA	8000	------	--
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA ..	10500
19th "	* ARCADIA.......	7000	----	--
22nd "	MANTUA.........	11000	----	--
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA ..	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	----	--
12th "	MOLDAVIA.......	10000	----	--
19th "	MALOJA	12500	----	--
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	----	--
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA..	10500

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
*Circassia...	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	9th Oct. 1912.
Scindia......	5106	Wm. Kelso........	23rd " "
*Castalia....	6388	G. Mitchell.......	8th Nov. "
*Elysia ...	6368	J. Coverley	21st " "
Massilia ...	5091	J. Thomson........	4th Dec. "
Olympia ...	5124	J. Kinnaird........	15th " "
*Circassia...	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	31st " "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso.........	18th Jan. 1913.
*Castalia...	6388	G. Mitchell........	1st Feb. "

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay about
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913
Massilia......	5091	J. Thomson	10th March "
Olympia ...	5124	J. Kinnaird	22nd " "
*Circassia...	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R	10th April "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd " "
*Castalia ...	6388	G. Mitchell......	6th May "
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	18th " "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 418	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	299
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 826	1,200
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via
Dumra..	1695	Thurs.	26th Sept.	9 a. m.	† C. M.
Linga ...	2185	Friday	27th Sept.	‡ 6 a m.	direct.
Lhssa ...	2184	Mon.	30th Sept.	11 a.m.	* P.D. and C.M.

† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 26th Sept. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Putiala" 2998 tons, on Wednesday, 2nd October, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, on Thursday 3rd October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lalpoora" 3269 tons, on or about 28th September.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
25th September, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Oceanien.........	4143...	Mages.........	21st Nov. 1912.
Polynesien......	6363...	Lassince......	19th Dec. 1912.
Ville-de-a-Ciotat-	6378...	....	16th Jan. 1913.
Sydney	4120...	....	13th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142...	Tivolle	13th March 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single) ...	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return) ...	Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single) ...	Rs. 660	528	270
Do. (Return) ...	Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Italian Line at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna......	6,000	A. Muzio......	15th Oct. 1912.
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini.	15th Nov. 1912.
Sardegna...	6,000	A. Muzio......	15th Dec. 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from...	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Oct. 1912.
Ischia......	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1912.
Capri......	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Dec. 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations; for further particular apply to

G. TIMOSCI,
Ag. Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ CANAL AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umgeni	... 3500	... 28th September 1912.

FARES:—

First class Rs. 350 to Rs. 400.
Second class Rs. 275.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umzumbi	... 5000	... 26th September 1912,
Umona	... 5500	... 11th October 1912.

FARES:—

First Class only Rs. 350 to Rs. 400.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares from Rs. 325 according to the position of Berths.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

Oakes' Madras Cigars

ARE recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

			Per 100 Rs. A.
Anglo-Indians No. 1,	4½",	Boxed 100	4 0
Oriental Cheroots	5"	" 100	3 8
Supers, No. 1,	4½"	" 50	4 14
La Flor de Coromandel—			
Imperials,	5¼"	" 50	8 8
Cabinets,	4½"	" 50	7 6
Operas,	3"	" 100	5 12
Fiancees,	4¼"	" 50	9 6
Empires,	4½"	" 50	10 8
Gymkhanas,	5¼"	" 50	13 12
Vishnus (Longs),	5"	" 100	3 14
Vishnus (Shorts),	3½"	" 100	2 12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd.,
Box No. 24, MADRAS.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..........£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND............£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.
Rs. 50,00,000.

CAPITAL PAID UP ......Rs. 10,00,000.
RESERVED FUND ......Rs. 12,500.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCY:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat, Lucknow and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP............£400,000
RESERVE.........................£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

10 GOOD VALUES

(1) FOR THE SUN

Glare Glasses, "Smoke" or "Amber," Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 9

(2) FOR THE HALL

Dinner Gong, Dolphin pattern,... ... ...Rs. 50

(3) FOR THE SMOKER

Silver Cigarette boxes, cedar lined to hold 25..Rs. 25

(4) FOR THE RACES

Our celebrated "Derby" Binoculars, ...Rs. 45

(5) FOR THE OFFICE

Fountain pens, improved patent, ...Rs. 8 to Rs. 22
Gravity Stylo ... ...Rs. 2-12

(6) FOR THE BOUDOIR

8 day portfolio Watch in leather case, ...Rs. 38
30 hour ... ...Rs. 24

(7) FOR THE DRESSING TABLE

Silver Vanity case ...Rs. 42
Silver Puff box and Scent Rs. 30

(8) FOR THE GOD CHILD

Silver bowl and Spoon in case ... ...Rs. 22

(9) FOR THE DINNER TABLE

Silver mounted Whisky Noggins, each, ...Rs. 10-8

(10) FOR THE DRAWING-ROOM

Gilt, Carriage Timepiece Rs. 42
With alarm, ...Rs. 65
With repeater, ...Rs. 85

AT

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL" 150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150° "SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anamia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer.

SOFTSHELL NUTS for DESSERT such as WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS

HORS-D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and in Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET.
Telephone No. 325.

The most common complaint in India is Fever. A man with fever is miserable, he cannot walk or play, he is burden to himself, and an anxiety to his friends.

HEALTH OR MISERY!

At the first sign of fever take

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, OR PILLS.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. Re. 1-8ans. each

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT,

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch Etc., in a day. Ans 4, each.

Of all dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.
WORLI, LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

FAVOURITES OF ROYALTY

ALL THINGS are now dated from the time of the great Coronation Durbar and however popular they were before that historic event there is no doubt that henceforth the proved merits and high class finish of the

DAIMLER, FIAT, AND WOLSELEY

Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

Full particulars of 1912 models from the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE.
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The Insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, THANA, will receive sealed Tenders at 1 p. m., Standard Time, on 7th October, 1912, for CONSTRUCTING POLICE STATION HOUSE at Bandra.

2. The Forms of Tenders and other particulars can be had on payment of Rs. 2 to the Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office, Thana, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. on working days except the day of receiving the Tenders.

Probable value of work ....Rs. 13,237
Amount of Earnest money ......Rs. 500
Amount of deposit ....Rs. 1,300

Executive Engineer's Office,
Thana, 23rd September, 1912.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on WEDNESDAY, the 18th and WEDNESDAY, the 25th September, 1912, the following ROADS will be CLOSED to VEHICULAR TRAFFIC and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 4-30 and 8 P. M., on account of the IMMERSION of GANPATIS:—

Chaupati Road from the Old Level Crossing to its junction with Harvey Road, Hughes Road from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with Harvey Road, the whole of French Road, Chaupati Road from Harvey Road to French Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort or vice versa will have to proceed along the following roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT.—Via Walkeshwar Road, Chaupati, Harvey Road past Fire Brigade Station on to Girgaum Road over Kennedy Bridge and New Queen's Road.

The same route to be followed in reverse order for vehicular traffic from Fort to Walkeshwar.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT.—Via Hughes Road, Harvey Road past Fire Brigade Station on to Girgaum Road and down New Queen's Road.

The same route to be followed in the reverse order for vehicles proceeding from Fort to Cumballa Hill.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 10th September, 1912.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client KANJI MULJI, has contracted TO PURCHASE the immoveable properties mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or demand upon the said properties or any part thereof by way of lease, mortgage, incumbrances, gift, inheritance or otherwise are hereby required to send Notice of their claim in writing to the Undersigned Attorneys for the Purchaser at their office Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, within 4 days from the date hereof after which period the sale will be completed without reference to any claim or demand of which notice has not then been received.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

FIRST.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the Eastern side of Funaswady Lane, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 129 square yards or thereabouts, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Pension and Tax Old No. 140, New No. A/1123, Old Survey No. 342, and New Survey No. $\frac{2}{329}$ assessed by the Collector of Assessment under C. Ward No. 4783, and Street No. 27/29, and bounded as follows:—On the East by the property hereinafter secondly described, on the West by the Funaswady Lane aforesaid, on the North by the property of Vinayeckrao Wasudevji, and on the South by the house of Messrs. Vishwanath, Vithul and Krishnarao Dinanathji and which said land hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Receiver.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the Western side of Funaswady Lane, in the Registration District of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of assessment under C. Ward No. 4962. and Street Nos. 30 and 32, containing by admeasurement 66 square yards, and according to the Collectors Bill 76 square yards or thereabouts Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. A/1123, Old Survey No. 342, and New Survey No $\frac{1}{329}$ and bounded as follows:—On the East by the said Funaswady Lane, on the West by the property hereinbefore firstly described, on the North by the property of the said Vinayeckrao Wasudevji, and on the South by the house of the said Messrs. Wishwanath, Vithal and Krishnarao Dinanathji and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Receiver.—Dated this 23rd day of September, 1912.

LITTLE & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

POONA RACES.

ALTERATION IN TIMING OF DOWN RACE EXPRESS TRAIN FOR THE RACE MEETINGS ON 25TH AND 28TH SEPTEMBER AND 5TH AND 12TH OCTOBER, 1912.

DOWN EXPRESS.

		H. M.
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	11- 0
Poona	Arr.	14-45

UP EXPRESS.

		H. M.
Poona	Dep.	19-30
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	23-45

W. ALEXANDER,
for General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 20th September, 1912.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on WEDNESDAY, 16th October, 1912, for the supply of the articles noted below during the twelve months commencing from 1st January, 1913:—

B. Miscellaneous Country Stores.
C. Miscellaneous English Stores.
D. Stationery and Paper.

2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of stores required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of stores, etc., tendered for with a maximum of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and, if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 19th September, 1912.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.

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2. THE REMINGTON TYPEWRITER.
3. AMATEUR PHYSICIAN.
4. ATTACKED BY A LION.
5. WIFFLES: ANIMAL BENEFACTOR.

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Apply by letter stating Terms and particulars to MANAGER "Gazette" Office.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE
is to enjoy the advantages of perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health and very soon render them fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?
ATANK NIGRAH PILL
is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and preventing waste.
It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplied everything that a man should have.
PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 Pills.
WRITE TO-DAY:—VAIDYA SHASTRI.
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Jamnagar Kathiawar.
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY.

No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Banganga Road, Walkeshwar.

H.C.O.O.C.J. Suit No. 319 of 1910.

The Advocate General of Bombay, ...Plaintiff.
Vs.
Devidas Vandravandas and ors, ...Defendants.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang Esq, the Receiver appointed in the above suit and in pursuance of the directions contained in the consent decree, made in the above suit on the 13th day of April, 1912, and the order of the High Court dated the 15th day of August, 1912, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of September, 1912 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the undermentioned property on the premises:—

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being at Banganga Road in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Sub-district of the Registrar of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 1,625 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. Nil, Collector's New Nos. Nil, Old Survey No. 19 and New Survey No. 7261 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "D" Ward No. 3035 (1) and Street No. 49A and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by the public passage, on or towards the East and South by the property of Bhansali Kalianji Purshotamdas and on or towards the West by Government land.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram, Attorneys for the Receiver, at their office No. 121, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 25th September, 1912.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on FRIDAY, the 27th September, 1912 at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

The materials for removal of the following building:—

Building Street No. 21-26 (3) Case No. 407, at the Junction of Nisanpada and Tandal Street, (Sandhurst Road).

Building Street No. 37-57 and 1, Case No. 230, Dhabu Street and Dharmsi Street.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 25th September, 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THE AUCTION SALE of the Building Plots on the Queen's Road, at Chawpati, passing the sea and formerly the property of the late Mr. Mahomedally Rogay which was advertised to take on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd October next, at the Hashmat Mahal Bungalow, has been POSTPONED until further Notice.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, at Carnac Road, opposite Crawford Market, and Saiyad Abdul Rehman Street and Balu Serang Street.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 25th September at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on plot No. 116, opposite Crawford Market, the following very valuable building plots for the period of 999 years:—

At Carnac Road, opposite Crawford Market.—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
116	528	126	343

Both the above plots will be put up first in one lot and if the reserved bid is not reached then they will be sold separately. Saiyad Abdul Rehman Street:—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
117	283	119	288
118	282		

Balu Serang Street:—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
123	323	125	292
124	287		

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will be allowed near the rooms.

The sale of all the above plots will take place on plot No. 116.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer before the auction regarding the development they will have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

Further particulars of auction building conditions, form of lease plans of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Building or to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, by P. M. Freitas, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.
1 bay waler gelding, absolutely quite in harness goes well and is a good worker and keeps excellent conditions, parted with as the Owner has no further use of him.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 25th September, 1912.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF A 10 H. P. CLEMENT BAYARD MOTOR CAR.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 25th September, at 3 p.m (S. T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. A. H. Rehmtulla,—

One second-hand 2 cylinder 10 H. P. Clemen Bayard Motor Car No. 519.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE TO-MORROW, THURSDAY 26th SEPTEMBER at 2-30 p.m.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and substantial teak and blackwood highly polished artistic and new designed household furniture.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, THURSDAY the 26th September, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) opposite Messrs. Treacher & Co. and next to Messrs. Dunnett & Co. in Medows Street, Fort the valuable and substantial teak and blackwood new designed artistic and Mahogany polished household furniture made by Madrasi carpenters and others such as teak and blackwood single and double door cupboards, rich tapestry and velvet lined teak and blackwood suites of sofas and chairs, marble and tile topped teapoys, half back and reclining sofas, verandah benches, book cases, iron single and double bedsteads, cupboards, ladies' and gentlemen's writing tables, hat stands, washhand tables, chest-of-drawers, arm and armless easy, Curzon and low chairs, book stands, dumbwaiters, terracotta figures, corner cabinets, wall brackets, Brussel's carpets, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the furniture is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th September, 1912.

GAZDAR AND CO.—MERCHANTS and CONTRACTORS, Church Gate Street. Large Stock best English and Italian flooring, Dado Wall Tiles, Majolica Mosaic, Hand Brand Cement, Marble, Lavatory Basins Closets, Bath Tubs, etc.

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS.

Fuel & Cylinder Oils.

WAX.

CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL.

MOTOR OILS

A & B.

Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, SEPT. 23.] [BOMBAY, SEPT. 24.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
1-2 per cent. Consols ...	74 3-16		1-16
do. Rentes ...	91 1-4	unchgd	
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	91 1-4		1-4
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	84 1-16	unchgd	
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	29 3-8	1-8	
do. 2 months' hence...	29 3-8	1-8	
Bar Silver in New York ...	63 5-8	1-4	
Exchanges on London at Paris...	25·28 1-2	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin...	20 45 1-2		1·01
do. do. New York...	4·85 1-2	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4	since	
do. Short London Bills	29th Aug		
3 months' sight...	3 11-16	unchgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4	unchgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4	unchgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 3-8	unchgd	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 7-8		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-4	1-8	

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by speculative buying.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier Moderate business
Futures	Quiet.
Manchester	Demand limited.
Total Sales	... 7,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	500 „
Imports	... 28,000 „
Mid-Americans	... 6·67—1 1-2
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	... 9 7-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·38	6·34	6·28	6·28	6·29
—04	—04	—04	—04	—04

Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May.-June
6·30	6·31	6·33	6·34
—04	—04	—03	—03

New York 11 a.m., Oct. 11·30 Jan. 11·53.

New York official Noon call Oct. 11·32 Jan. 11·54.

New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 11·48 Jan. 11·68.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	58,000
„ Receipts at „ last year ...	93,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ...	33,000
„ Exports to Continent ...	27,000
„ Spot Cotton	... 11·85 unchgd

Futures—Month of Oct 11·31—04

Futures—Month of Jan. 11·53—03

Declined owing to reported slack spot demand and to Commission house selling.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ... 11 7-16 unchgd
Futures month of Oct. ... 11·45—03
Futures month of Jan. ... 11·66—05
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ......
Wheat White Karachi ... 38 7-8 unchgd
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... 38 1-2 unchgd
Do Months—Sept.-Oct.—London—Nominal
Tone—Dull.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ... 2,160,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-61lbs. ... } Unchgd
Do. Month— ...
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs ...

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... ... unchgd
Do Months ... .

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ...53 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months— ... Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 50 unchgd
Do. Months— ... Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...63 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Calcutta ...61 6—3d
Do. Months—Sept-Oct
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 55 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—Sept-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay.Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-19-6 unchgd
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)... ... 14 5-8 unchgd.

RUBBER—

Para Rubber... ... 4 7 unchgd
Sept.-Oct.—Done—Steady.

ARRIVALS:—Toronta—Polcevera

METALS—

Copper Braziers G M C ... £ 90 1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7 1-2
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 79 1-16

FREIGHTS—

Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...14s 6d—Nominal

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C · F India (Double bags) ... 12 6d 3-4—3-4d.
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Dull.—Very little viz
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12s 1 1-2 d
Do Months of Shipments ... Oct-Dec.—Nominal
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9s 7 1-2d—1d
Months of Shipments ... —Sept—Sellers.
12s 3 1-2d—1 1-2d—Sept-Sellers

Flat and cheaper owing to fine weather Opened flat improves towards close.

B A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 13s 7 1-2d—1 1-2d
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone.—Quiet—Prices easier.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 11 10 1-2d+3d.
Month of Shipments ... Sept.—Value.
Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta
Do. 11 1 1-2—Oct.-Dec.—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi
Do. 11 3—Oct-Dec.—Value
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta
Do. 12 1 1-2—Oct-Dec—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi
Do. 12 3—Oct-Dec—Value
Tone—Quiet and no viz doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [24TH SEPT. 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
75 Bars Silver	Rs. 1,47,000	Adelaide	National Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 21st & 22nd Sept. 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway............	19	22,155
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	36	42,737

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market continues firm and quotations are unchanged at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T. 1s. 4 1-16d. on Demand and 1s. 4 9-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits until 5th October. There has been a moderate enquiry for Bank remittance; and some 3 months' sight Bills for forward delivery have been placed. Far Eastern rates are firmer following the rise in Silver.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. 12th Oct.
Do. do France	...171
Do. do Marks	...139
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...150 1-2
Shanghai „	...208 1-4
Japan „	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened firm at 96 for Cash and 95 7-8 for the Settlement and advanced 3-16 during the morning. Slight fluctuations occurred later on, but the market closes steady at the top rates of the day. A fairly large business has been done.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 96 3 0
1st Settlement ...	„ 96 1 0
2nd „ ...	„ 95 15 0

BULLION:—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 1-8 higher at 29 3-8 per ready and the same rate for delivery in two months. New York was 1-4 higher at 63 5-8. The rise in London was attributed to speculative buying. The local market opened firm at 74 3-8 for ready and 74 7-16 for the first Settlement, and a large business has been done during the day at advancing rates. Closing prices for ready and forward are as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs. 23 15 3
Australian „	„ 23 15 3
Sovereigns „	„ 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)	
Ready	„ 74 14 0
1st Settlement ... —	„ 74 14 0
2nd Settlement ... —	„ 75 2 0
Silver (cum duty)	
Ready	„ 84 4 0
1st Settlement	„ 84 4 0
2nd Settlement	„ 84 8 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Telegrams to hand this morning advise a small decline in the American markets and in Liverpool. Private messages report clear, cold weather, but opinions differ as to the near future of the market. We do not anticipate any material rise or fall at present. The local market opened steadier, good Broach being quoted Rs. 302-3. The absence of rain in some of the cotton districts is causing anxiety, and this is reflected in the tone of the market here. There is some enquiry by mills for fine M. G. Bengals and fine M. G. Sindh Punjab for December and January delivery, and a small business has been done, but sellers are scarce. The market firmed up during the day, and at Colaba business was put through in good Broach at Rs. 306. Closing rates are as under the tone being firm.

A small business has been done in ready cotton, chiefly by mills.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	313	March
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	306	Mar.
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingunghat	„	299	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	„	296	„
Fine M.G.Dhamangaon Pulgaon	„	290	„
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	„	286	„
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	„	277	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„	267	„
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	266	„
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	„	269	Dec.
„ „ „ ...	„	272	Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	„	251	Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	8,000
Total Imports	3,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·36	6·32	6·26
—02	—02	—02
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**
6·26	6·27	6·28
—02	—02	—02
Mar.-Apr	**Apr.-May.**	**May-June.**
6·29	6·31	6·32
—02	—02	—02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market continues quiet with little doing.

We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 10 8 0 B.T.
September ...	„ 11 4 6 B.T.
Apl-May 1913 ...	„ 10 10 0 „

RAPESEED:—Quiet but steady.

We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913...	Rs. 8 5 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready ...	„ 8 0 0 B.T.
Yellow „ „ ...	„ 9 0 0 „

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 54 12 0
Black Kutni	„ 47 0 0

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready ... .. Rs. 13 0 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready ... ... Rs. 39 0 0

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs. 26 8 0
Forward	„ 25 4 0 D. J.

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet.

We quote:—

Jan.-Feb. Bold ... Rs. 45 8 0

MOWRASEED:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—

Ready ... ... Rs. 8 3 6 B. T.

WHEAT:—

The market is quiet.

We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs. 5 5 0 R. T.
„ Delhi Aug-Sept ...	„ 5 4 6 „
„ „ May 1913 ...	„ 5 7 6 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,720 1-2
Bank of India	64 1-2
Eastern Bank	88
Indian Specie	75

MILLS.

David	496 1-4
Kohinoor	860
Manockji Petit	3,260
New Great Eastern	263 3-4
Standard	1,390

PRESS.

New Mofussil	882 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	173
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	185
Bombay S. N. Ordinary	292 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,595
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	22

RAILWAYS.

Amritsar-Patti	136
Tapti Valley	570

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m., yesterday:—

Cotton	2,143	bales.
Wheat	28,751	cwts.
Linseed	3,370	„
Rapeseed	314	„
Gingellyseed	Nil	
Poppyseed	694	„
Groundnuts...	329	„
Castorseed	5,124	„
Rice	3,170	„
Myrabollams..	21	„
Cottonseed	548	„
Mowraseed	282	„
Gram	3,924	„
Joowar	286	„
Maize	Nil	
Barley	9,303	„

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

Objection Against Health Department Stables.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday Mr. C. V. Mehta presiding.

Consideration was given to a letter from Mr. Haji Ebrahim Busheri and others, stating that it had been notified that the Municipality was erecting a cattle stable at Umerkhadi against which they begged to enter their strong protest: that the erection of cattle stables in a thickly populated locality was considered highly objectionable from a sanitary point of view: that the Municipality with a view to removing nuisances are filling up wells, tanks, &c., belonging to the public: that cattle stables were also removed as far as possible from populated localities, and that they fail to see how the Municipality itself could erect cattle stables in such localities. He requested that the matter be carefully enquired into.

With reference to Standing Committee Resolution No. 2765 of the 7th ultimo, forwarding, for remarks, a copy of the letter, dated the 31st July last from Mr. Haji Ebrahim Busheri and others, protesting against the construction of a cattle stable. Reporting on the subjects the Commissioner stated that the stable referred to was the Health Department bullock stable which had been in the present position for many years. There had never been any complaint about the stable but as it had become in course of years old and dilapidated, it was necessary to replace it by a new stable which would be constructed on sanitary principles. This would be in every way superior to the old stable, and there was no fear of any nuisance being caused to any one in the locality.

It was resolved to forward the matter to the Corporation with the recommendation that Mr. Haji Ibrahim be informed in terms of the Commissioner's report.

DHAKLESHWAR TEMPLE WELL.

Consideration was given to a letter from Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, on behalf of Rao Bahadur Keshowji Nathoo Sailor, Messrs. Rattonsey Mulji, Ravji Vinayak Jaganath Shankershet and Vassonji Naronji, stating that their clients, as trustees of the Dhakleshwar Temple and properties appertaining thereto at Warden Road, Mahaluxmi, were in possession of a well the water of which was used for the worship and religious ceremonies of the temple in question and other temples in its vicinity; that their clients could not use any other but well water for the ceremonies; that the Commissioner called upon their clients to fill in the well but that on a representation being made, the order for filling in the well was suspended on certain conditions, one of which was that the well was to be cleaned and all vegetation from the walls thereof removed; that their clients got the well cleaned and provided it with a trap-door; that it was, however, found that there were two small "peepal" plants on the walls of the well, which their clients found it impossible to remove as they are considered holy by the Hindu community. It was further stated that their clients had always been ready and willing to keep the well scrupulously celan and remove the leaves of the "peepal" plants but that as Hindus they could not take upon themselves the responsibility and odium of removing the holy plants, that their clients requested the Commissioner not to insist upon their removing the plants, but that the Commissioner insisted that the well should be filled up and ultimately a summons was served for not complying with the notice to fill in the well. A hope was expressed that the Commissioner be requested to withdraw the summons, their clients undertaking to keep the well perfectly clean and remove the leaves of the "peepal" plants from the well before they were decomposed. It was submitted that it would be a great hardship and would injure the religious feelings of the Hindus, if they were compelled to fill in the well.

It was resolved to forward the letter to the Corporation with the recommodation that it be referred to the Commissioner for disposal.

The Committee then adjourned.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay, during the 24 hours from 6 a.m. on the 23th Sept. to 6 a.m. on the 24st September:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Plague...	a 3	1
This day last year..................	3	3
Total mortality from all causes		95
Same date last year		72
Cholera................................	1	nil

a Includes 1 imported case from Ahmednagar.

FREQUENT COUGHING CURES not a cough. On the contrary the irritation in the bronchial tubes grows worse thereby. Take LYNSOLA, the popular Indian cough cure. Every dose tends to soothe and heal the sore spots. An ideal lung tonic free from opiates.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

TREMEARNE—DOBSON—September 23 at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev. A. H. Bradbury, Harry Tremearne of the National Bank of India Ltd. to Lucy, daughter of the late Mr. James Dobson.—Home Papers please copy.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Poona Races Meeting, Second Day.

Iranian Association—Public lecture by Mr. D. M. Madan, at the F. C. Institute Hall at 6-15 p.m., on Theosophy viewed from a Zoroastrian Standpoint the theory of re-incarnation.

Anthropological Society: Paper on Mazdaism and Vaishnaism, a Parallel; by Mr. A. Govindacharya Swami, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

Rovers' Football.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim: "Riches amassed in haste will diminish but those collected by hand, and little by little will multiply."

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

The P. and O. Company's steamer "Salsette," with the outward mails of the 13th instant, left Aden at 10 p.m., on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 6 a.m., on Friday next.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday next at 2-39 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	7-15	13-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-5	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class).	6-45	7-30
Poona Express	19-30	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-55	21-30
Guzerat Mail	8-25	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	19-52

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the string band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Railway Vols., will play the following programme of music commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day:—

March	Stars and Stripes Forever...	Sousa
Overture	Knight Errant	Bendix
Valse	The Barcarolle	Fetras
Selection.......	The Balkan Princess	Rubens
Fantasia	Un Reve........................	Delafasse
Selection	The Geisha.....................	S. Jones
A Dream Picture	The Phantom Brigade......	Myddleton

ARRIVAL OF HORSES FROM AUSTRALIA.—The steamer "Uganda," of the B. I. S. N. Company, Captain J. Kilpatrick, R. N. R., which arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Newcastle (N. S. W.) brought 560 horses.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.—A men's social meeting has been arranged for to-morrow, Thursday at 9 p. m. A programme of solos, instrumental and vocal recitations, etc., has been arranged by Mr. Harvey. All members and gentlemen friends are cordially invited.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.—In connection with the 45th anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, Professor Kosambi and Babu A. C. Muzumdar will deliver lectures at the local Prarthana Mandir at 6-30 p.m. to-day on Acharya Shantideva and Nanak respectively.

ACCIDENT.—A verdict of "accidental death" was returned by the Coroner's jury at the inquest held yesterday, by Mr. Chalk touching the death of Sultanali Abdoola, a Borah, aged 65. The deceased was living in a house at Elphinstone Road, and he was knocked down by a Municipal Fire-Brigade engine which was out for a trial and killed on the spot.

SOCIETY OF "OUR LADY OF PIETY".—The annual report of the Society of "Our Lady of Piety," shows that the Society has now been in existence for forty-one years. Its financial condition is reported to be satisfactory. The receipts for the year from all sources amounted to Rs. 2,985, and the expenses to Rs. 1,984. The report shows that the Society is doing very good work among the poor of the Roman Catholic Community in Bombay.

ALEXANDRA INSTITUTION.—The annual report of the Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution for the year 1911, shows that the general progress of this school was satisfactorily maintained during the year under review. There were thirty-four new admissions, the highest number of pupils attending the Institution went up to 170, the daily average was 132, and the year closed with 166 pupils on the roll. Of these the majority as usual were Parsees, numbering 131. There were also 27 Hindus, 5 Mussulmans and 3 Jews.

DEPARTURE OF A MAHOMEDAN PIR.—A correspondent writes:—Last Monday, His Holiness the Pir Chishti left Bombay for Nagore, to pay a visit there to the Mahomedan Saint Kadar Vali Gunjsawai, when a large number of Hindoos and Mahomedans were present at the Victoria Terminus to bid farewell to His Holiness who was garlanded. Amonst those present were:—Nawab Syed Mahomed Razvi, Messrs. Ahmed Ali Amirali, Seth Ghoolam Mahomed Ismail Noorani, Seth Haroon Saleh Mahomed, Seth Mahomed Rahimtoola, Seth Haji Jakria Haji Suleman, Moulvi Hafiz Noor Mahomed, Seth Joosab Haji Oosman, Seit Abdul Haji Suleman, Karim Seth Haji Ahmed Moosa, Seth Ismail Adam, Tribhowandas Harkisandas, Manilal Laloobhai, Amritlal Goolabchand, Mahadeo Rao, Chunilal and many others.

AN INTERESTING WEDDING.

THE wedding took place on Thursday last, the 19th inst., at the Roman Catholic Church in Wodehouse Road, of Miss Maria Adelaides Segre, of Trieste, with Mr. Rudolph P. E. Cedraschi, of Lugano, Switzerland, and of Messrs. Volkart Brothers', of this city. The bride is the younger daughter of Mr. Joseph Segre and Violet Countess Dede, and the bridegroom is the eldest son of Mr. Michael and Mrs. Emilie Thomas Cedraschi. The Reverend Father Sehroeter performed the ecclesiastical ceremony, after which a reception was held by Mr. and Mrs. L. Segre (of Messrs. C. Boggiano and Co.) who is the brother of the bride, on behalf of her parents.) At the Taj Mahal Hotel, in the Moorish Rooms, which lent themselves admirably to the occasion and to the accommodation of the very large number of guests—about a hundred or more—that attended the function and bore eloquent testimony to the popularity of the bride and bridegroom, who were attended the bride by Miss Violet Thelenberg and Miss Phyllis Soundy—the latter a mite of four years who quite realised the importance of her official status in the entourage of the bride as train-bearer—and the bridegroom by Mr. W. Eckart as bestman. The usual felicitations having been tendered by the guests as they entered the room, the cake—a handsome construction of Cornaglia's—was cut by the bride according to tradition and the bubbling wine being passed round, the happy couple were surrounded by their friends in their eagerness to voice their good wishes, saying all sorts of nice things to them: and in the due course the toast to the bride and bridegroom was rendered in most expressive terms by Mr. L. Volkart, which was received with acclamation and responded to enthusiastically by the company.

The bride looked charming in a pretty costume of white satin charmeuse, with a very handsome tunic of open beading and full court train, trimmed with orange-blossom and real lace, a spray of orange-blossom in the hair and real lace veil. The wedding presents were not as is usual dispayed at the Hotel but a list is given below of some of them, others being in transit from Europe, amongst which are those of the bride's family, which with the wedding dress, should have been delivered by the mail that preceded the wedding day, but owing to some mistake or delay on the other side, it was not received in time and the resources of the celebrated Modiste Madame Stanley had to be requisitioned, and saved the situation at the eleventh hour:—

The following is a list of some of the presents that have been received, advices having been received of others that are being sent by friends abroad:—

Bride to Bridegroom, gold cigar-cutter; Bridegroom to Bride, silver toilet set, gold bag and set of broches; Mr. J. L. Ainsworth, silver tea and cake service; Mr. and Mrs. Amstein, travelling clock; Mr. D. D. Allbless, silver sardine dish; Dr. Max Amann, silver centrepiece-sweets and flowers; Mr. A. Bergmann, silver salt cellars; Mr. C. E. Berey, silver toast racks; Mr. A. J. Bilimoria, gold wrist watch; Mr. J. H. Banaji, set gold enamelled buttons; Mr. R. Bossi amethyst necklace and earrings; Messrs. Jean Bossard and H. Hanhart, Clock; Messrs. C. F. and H. E. Brandenburg, silver entre dishes; Mr. Rudolf Bickel, silver sweet bowl; Mr. A. R. Bilimoria, black marble clock; Mr. A. F. Bianchi, cutglass cheese dish; Mr. C. D. Chinoy, silver hair brush; Mr. A. Chopard, silver sweet spoon; Miss Paolina Cedraschi, dessert knives and forks; Mr. Salo Chess, japanese coffee cups; Mr. Michele Cedraschi, set silver teaspoons; Mr. Alfonso Cedraschi, salad spoon and fork; Mr. Erminio Cedraschi, silver ice scoop; Mr. and Mrs. A. Colonnello, silver rose bowl; Mr. J. N. Cocolas, silver-mounted oak tentalus; Mr. S. Chess, silver coffee service; Mr. and Mrs. Cedraschi (Senior), silver fruit stand; Mr. W. Eskart, Persian carpets; Mr. O. Ernst, Persian carpets; Mr. and Mrs. Erb, silver sweet bowls; Mr. R. Fleming, silver brushes and comb; Mr. D. H. Glade, silver-mounted mother-o'-pearl sweet dishes. Mr. R. S. Gaddum, silver inkstand; Mr. Alex Georguli, ruby necklace; Mr. W. Grimm, silver sweet dish; Mr. J. A. Grant, silver ice cooler; Mr. and Mrs A. Giachetti, flowers; Chev. G. B. Gorio, flowers; Mr. N. J. Hunt, silver ashtray; Mr. Martin Hallauer, silver liquer glasses and tray; Mr. V. Janni, ivory manicure set; Merrs. G. Kuhweide, A. O. Bauerle and Dr. Suter, silver bowls; Mr. E. Kaufmann, silver mounted cutglass salad bowl; Mr. and Mrs. W. Lengacher, silver fruit stand; Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Lawrence, silver entre dish; Mr. Ranchordas Lukhmidas, gold brooch set rubies and diamonds; Messrs. H. C. Mac Intyre and K. H. McCormack, silver vases; Mr. and Mrs. Julius Muller, silver biscuit, butter and cheese server; Mr. P. N. Masani, silver tea service and tray and sandal wood jewel box; Mr. J. M. MacDonald, thermos flask; Mr. Moolchund Vussonji, silver tea service with tray; Dr. A. Mayr, silver dinner gong; Mr. A. M. Mody, silver cake dish; Mr. C. Nopper, silver jam spoons; Mr. D. P. Nanavati, gold watchchain; Messrs. Parmanand and Nursey, gold Necklace; Mr. A. Personeni, silver vases; Miss Janet Parsons, Benares bowl; Mr. R. B. Reade, silver cigar-cutter; Mr. C. K. Kirissoglou, silver tray; Mr. E. Stuparich, sandalwood album; Mr. R. Spier, ivory statue; Mr. and Mrs. L. Segre, silver bag and smelling salts bottle; Mr. and Mrs. L. Seyboth, silver tea service; Mr. R. P. Scott, silver jewel case; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Soundy, silver parasol handle; Mr. Shridam Gopinath, enamelled silver jar; Messrs. Tarachund, silver vases; Mr. S. B. Tom, silver jewel box; Mr. G. Timosci, Japanese coffee set; Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Templeton, silver sweet servers and salt cellars; Messrs. Volkart Brothers' Bombay Office Colleagues, Canteen of silver tableware and cutlery; Messrs. Volkart Brothers' Karachi Office Colleagues, Persian carpets; Mr. L. Volkart, silver asparagus dish; Mr. W. Winter, silver egg cruet; and Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Whyte, silver sweet bowls.

MISSIONARY CENTENARY.

Inaugural Celebrations in Bombay.

The Bombay Wesleyan Churches brought the inaugural celebrations of their missionary centenary to a successful conclusion by an enthusiastic meeting at Victoria Gardens, at which each unit of the circuit, Colaba, Byculla and Parel were represented. Mr. W. H. Wolff, who presided, expressed his conviction that the vast unrest surging all over the East was the outward sign of a deep religious unrest The ancient Eastern faiths were crumbling, and nothing less than a stupendous efforts on the basis of the evangelical faith would be required to win India in the coming century.

The local superintendent the Rev. J. F. Edwards, apologised for the absence of the Rev A. J. Revnell, who after meeting the Committee and preaching in Colaba and Byculla, had been summoned home through illness. Mr. Edwards said their Home Comittee had made clear that its guiding principle in the matter of the distribution of the Centenary Fund would be twofold, viz., it would be for advancing aggressive work, and it would help those who help themselves. The world-wide Fund had realised up to the present moment about £100,000, and in the event of a generous local response and the completion of the Fund, the work in Bombay would receive generous support from Home. The Bombay page of the Home-Committee's blue-book showed that were the above conditions fulfilled the following schemes would be carried out:—A Training Institution for Marathi evangelists with a European minister at its head new mission churches in needed areas; new schools for primary education and Christian instruction among the depressed classes; preaching halls for aggressive propaganda in crowded centres; and increased supply of native catechists and ministers; these and other items gave a total of Rs. 45,000 initial expenditure and over Rs. 10,000 recurring annually. Their Indian work in the city had been entirely self-propagating from the first and the sterling quality of the work done showed that the salvation of India would be accomplished most swiftly and surely by India's own sons. The world-wide centenary synchronised with the coming-of-age in the ministry of their Marathi minister, whose 21 years in Bombay, had only been exceeded in any one station by nine others in all their 2,500 ministers. He had shown what India evangelism could do for its own people and the centenary proposals would strengthen and extend this branch. The Marathi peoples had shown their prowess in the past and their uplifting would mean the uplifting of India. Bombay, thrice refused by diplomatists and then bestowed as dowry of a royal bride, was a great trust from God and its million people were the key to the whole of mighty India.

The Rev R. O. Jenkins referred to the cosmopolitan character of the city, and to the fact that the Christian work in it was, and must be, equally cosmopolitan. Wesleyanism in these parts had been a laymen's movement from the first, when Messrs John Stacey and Frank Pearcey sent to England the appeal, which resulted in the Rev G. W. Clutterbuck coming to Bombay. In the past century, his church had stood for reverence and evangelism and as someone had said, "The best memorial of the past century will be earnest service to God in the next." The Rev. M. D. Mawe of Poona warned the meeting of the perils of reaction: the 'century's achievements were a call to see the matter through. Ours not to reason why concerning the slowness of success, but to carry out our marching orders and pass on the good news. Many British converts were baptised twenty times before Christianity was firmly planted in England, and they must carry this task of theirs to completion.

The Rev S. Rakator spoke of the benefits of England's rule in India and of the blessings Christ had brought to India people. The Indian Church, to which he belonged, was in every way the child of the English Church, and he wished to express appreciation and thanks for all the help the latter had given.

Devotional exercises concluded the meeting.

SATISFACTION goes with each bottle of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, the most popular Fever Cure of the day. Nothing equals its efficacy as a cure for Malaria. It has an excellent tonic effect on the system and in no way it depresses the heart like other Fever Cures. A trial is sure to convince the most prejudiced. Of all chemists —MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

BOMBAY MEDICAL COUNCIL.

Opening Remarks of the Surgeon-General.

The first meeting of the Bombay Medical Council was held yesterday morning, at 11-30, in the Council Hall, Secretariat, the Honourable Surgeon-General Stevenson, presiding.

There were also present: Col. Crimmin, Col. Myer, Col. Childe, Major Hooton Khan Bahadhur N. H. Chocksey, Dr. Rajaballi Visram Patel, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Dr. Kaikhosro Dubash, Dr. Sorab K. Nariman and Dr. Row.

The President made an opening speech before proceeding with the business and the Council after transacting some formal business adjourned "sine die."

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Surgeon-General Stevenson said:—Before proceeding to the transaction of business, I must congratulate you all, both nominated and elected members, on being present here to-day as the first Medical Council, not only in the Bombay Presidency, but in the whole of India.

The Registration Act under which this Council was created, was not received at first with that cordiality which was expected, and I think the reason why many were disappointed was, because they had rather vague ideas as to what a Registration Act really was, and had expected it to do much more than it is possible for any Registration Act to accomplish. They seemed to expect a sort of hybrid between a Registration Act and an Act for the Prevention of of Quackery. Others were disappointed because they seemed to have looked upon legislation in regard to the Medical profession from a too narrow and sectarian point of view.

I believe that ideas are now much clearer with regared to all these matters than they were say a year ago.

For my own part I consider that we have got a very satisfactory Act, and I believe that as time goes on, the profession will come to look on it, not as a possible instrument of oppression as it has been represented to be in some quarters but as a chaiter of the true liberties of all reputable medical practitioners. There is a vast difference between liberty, and licence—and this Act, while it protects and fosters the legitimate liberty of the profession, affords also a means whereby, professional licentiousness may be checked.

I would ask you to consider for a few moments what the Act has given us. First and foremost, it has given us a Register.

As the Government stamp and the "Hall" mark are to gold and silver such is registration to the medical man. It stamps him with the approval of the Government of the country, and, more than that, so long as his name remains upon the Register, it is accepted as a guarantee of his professional integrity. It draws a clear line between those who are held to be qualified to practise our profession, and all others.

To me this seems a very valuable thing, and I hold it to be the very foundation on which the Medical Profession of this Presidency must be built up into the noble edifice which it will become in the future.

Secondly, the Act gives the Profession of Medicine, this Council, that is, it creates a recognized and legal authority under Government, composed entirely of members of the profession itself, to preside over it, to regulate and control the education of those entering it, to foster its growth, to protect its interests, and to represent its needs and wants to Government.

If this Council prove true to the objects for for which it has been created, it has immense power for furthering the best interests of the profession. As it shows itself capable, fair, and broad-minded in dealing with the many questions which must come before it, so will it grow in the estimation of all men and so will it continually add to its own dignity and honour, as well as those of the profession. Let us then during our time of service as Members of this Council see to it that our deliberations are conducted calmly, and with dignity, and that all our acts are such as shall worthily maintain the honourable position in which we have been placed. One thing we must never forget, and that is that we are not here for the purpose of furthering the special interests of any one individual, class, or section of the medical profession but the interests of the profession as a whole. There must necessarily be differences of opinion at times as to what action may be best for the intersts of the profession, but though one may disagree with the opinions of others that is no reason why those opinions should not be treated with respect, provided always that they are honest opinions. I feel sure that the Members of this Council will afford this respect to the honest opinions of others from whom they may happen to differ.

I would ask you to remember that this Council is on its trial not only before our own local Government but before the public of the Presidency, and the the whole of India. Those who are interested in these matters are waiting to see how we carry out the work entrusted to us, and other Governments are waiting to see the result of the Bombay experiment before introducing legislation of the same nature into their own Legislative Councils. I trust that we shall do our work in such a way as to leave no room for adverse criticism.

To do this it will be necessary for each one of us to strive to leave outside our Council room all personal feelings, and to devote ourselves to the work to be done with the single desire to do our best for the welfare of the profession to which we belong even though it may seem to be temporarily detrimental to the interests of one or other particular section.

One argument which was used against the passing of our Registration Bill was that owing to the want of homogeneity in the medical profession in Bomba, such an Act was an unnecessary piece of legislation.

Now, Gentlemen, it seems to me that one present great need of the prosession in this country is organization. As men of science, medical men should belong to no particular race or creed. A scientific man whether he be English, French, German, Russian or Indian is, so far as his work is concerned, first of all a man of science. In the same way I think we want to establish and foster in this country the feeling among medical men, that they are first medical men and afterwards Parsis, Mahomedans, Hindoos or Europeans. As medical men there should be only one standard by which we should judge one another and that is according to those laws, ethical and other, which are accepted by the profession all over the world. If we can induce our professional brethern to accept this view, I believe that the profession in Bombay will cease to be even as heterogeneous as it now is.

Now it seems to me one of the many uses of this Council that it should produce this effect, and I believe that the result of our Regisiration Act will be to make the profession more homogeneous than it has hitherto been.

Before I sit down I hope you will allow me to say to you how immensely proud I am to be here to-day, as the first President of the first Medical Council in India.

I have attempted, perhaps some of you may think in a rather unnecessary way, to show you what I think should be the guiding principle in the conduct of a Member of this Council. If it has been unpleasing to any of you I regret it, but I should like to say that it is the principle which I mean to adopt for my own guidance, and that is my excuse for recommending it for your acceptance also. I trust that during the time I am your President I may act fairly and evenly between all, and it shall be my endeavour to do nothing unworthy of the high position in which I have been placed, but to do may utmost to further what I believe to be the best interests of the profession as a whole, without prejudice or favour.

Gentlemen, we have much work to do and I will now ask your best attention for that work.

Under Section IV of the Act, the Council has to "make such Rules and Regulations as may be necessary with respect to the times and places of meeting of the Medical Council and the mode of summoning the same."

Under Section V, we must appoint a Registrar and fix his salary and allowances.

Under Section VI, we should suggest for the approval of the Governor in Council the form in which the Register shall be kept.

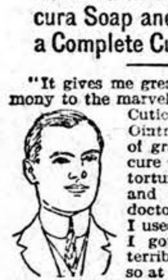
Under Section XV we should suggest the amount of travelling allowances and fees for attendance to Members of the Council.

Under Section XIX, we must prepare such other Rules and Regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act, and submit the same to the Governor in Council for approval.

I have here a copy of the Standing orders of the General Medical Council of Great Britain and Ireland and I propose that we should take these as a guide in formulating our Rules and Regulations.

SIX YEARS' ITCHING TORTURE CURED

Face and Arms Covered with Eczema. Suffered Immortal Agony. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Effected a Complete Cure in Three Weeks.

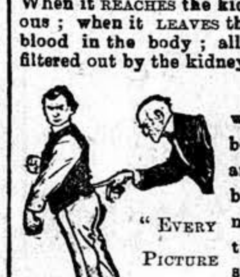


"It gives me great pleasure to bear testimony to the marvelous healing properties of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I owe them a debt of gratitude for my complete cure from six years' itching torture of eczema. My arms and face were covered and doctors said it was incurable. I used to dread work for then I got very hot and itched terribly and my arms swelled so at night that I could hardly rest. Then I read the offer of samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in the paper, which I advise all skin-sufferers to apply for. "Before I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment I suffered immortal agony but after the sample had relieved me of the itching, I kept on with the treatment for three weeks and it effected a complete cure when doctors had pronounced it hopeless. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are a national boon and a great relief to all who suffer from diseases of the skin. I am a constant user of the Cuticura Soap, and the Cuticura Soap and Ointment are surely invaluable remedies for eczema from which I was a great sufferer until I tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Enoch Evans, Baron Hill, Beaumaris, Isle of Anglesea, North Wales, July 23, 1911.

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Ointment have afforded the speediest and most economical treatment for affections of the skin and scalp of infants, children and adults. A single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient. They are sold throughout India, but skin sufferers who wish to try them without cost, may obtain a liberal sample of each, post-free, with 32-p. book, by addressing Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or F. Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS.

Throughout life the blood is continually streaming through the kidneys to be filtered and purified. When it REACHES the kidneys it is dark and poisonous; when it LEAVES the kidneys it is the purest blood in the body; all its impurities have been filtered out by the kidneys.



"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY."

But when the kidneys are weak and sluggish they fail behind with their great works and the poisons left in the blood make you feel dull and miserable, you are always tired and drowsy, and you soon begin to get backache and bladder disorders, or some of the other symptom mentioned above.

A thorough course of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills gently leads the kidneys back to health, and when the kidneys are well, the urinous poisons that cause so much sickness and disease in men and women CANNOT remain in the system. That is how Doan's Pills cure the actual CAUSE of kidney and bladder troubles.

"A chill weakened my kidneys, and I began to suffer from gravel and backache," says Mr. G. W. Storey, of 84, Higher Temple Street, Chorlton, Manchester, England. "Sharp pains darted through my back and loins, and I could hardly move.

"After years of suffering I used Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, and they healed the kidneys and gradually cured the bladder trouble. Now I am feeling first-rate. (Signed) Geo. W. Storey."

SEVERAL MONTHS LATER Mr. Storey said he was still keeping in excellent health.

Rs. 2 per bottle; 6 for Rs. 10-8-0; all dealers.

DOAN'S MEDICINES, P. O., Box, 20, Bombay.

Little's Oriental Balm Cures Rheumatism.

If every man and every woman who suffers from Rheumatism would hear and heed this message, what a tremendous amount of misery the world would lose!

Little's Oriental Balm is unquestionably the greatest cure for all Rheumatic Pains. The pain simply can't exist when the Balm is well rubbed into the aching muscles and joints.

For many years this wonderful remedy has relieved and cured the most stubborn cases. It will cure you!

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout India.

NEW LIFE FOR WEAK PEOPLE. PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

POSITIVELY CURE.

All Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Failing Memory &c., and restore Brain Fag, Incapacity for Study or Business, General Debility Premature Decay, Exhausted Vitality, the result of overwork and dissipation. They are a great

NERVE TONIC AND BLOOD BUILDRE

and will bring back the pink glow of health to pale cheeks.

Constitute sustaining and life-giving elements (Lecithin, the delicate grey substance of the brain and nerve centres) of special value to Professional and Literary men, Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerks, Sportsmen, Athletes, Business men, and all engaged in mental occupations.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with a feeling of courage, strength, and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved the step and gait again elastic and determined the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bottle of 40 Pills. 3 bottles Rs. 5-8-0 V. P. Extra.

SELECTIONS FROM UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

R. J. Mewend, Traffic Overseer, Madras Harbour Trusts, writes that:—I have already tried Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and find them very efficacious. Please send three bottles more by V. P. P.

R. J. Macvicar, Shaw, Palladam, 12-7-11 writes that:—Those pills that I got from you have done me so much good, that a friend has asked me to get him a couple of bottles. So please send me by V.P. Post 2 more Bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO

No. 155, Market, Jumma Musjid, Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Alconda, 2694 tons, Captain C. A. Watts, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steamer Rehmani, 1872 tons Captain T. Green arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah with a general cargo.

The Arab Steamers Ld. steamer Faris, 737 tons, Captain A. Fisher, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh with a general cargo, 37 deck passengers and 12 horses.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

R I M S Hardinge...Comdr D H Gibsone ...Troopship
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr A E Harold......Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 24.

Assaye	4339	Cockman	S'ghai... 23-10	P & O Co
Abana	2709	Rutledge		W & A Graham & Co
Banca	3794	Poter		P & O Co
Baron Polworth	3137	Cameron		K N & Co
Canadian Transport	2653	Ballantine		T Jewandas
Den of Crombie	3128	Jarvis		K N & Co
Edith	1815	Beeching	Repairing	J Mackintosh & Co
Faris	737	Fisher	Busreh	Arab S Ld
Gedding Court	2495	Gleghorn		A Yule & Co
Gymeric	2593	Cussack		B N Lang
Hild	719	Salvesen	N F	Campbell & Co
Kola	510	Elton		M M & Co
Lawoe	1817	Brewig		Arab Steamers Ld
Lindula	2183	Piggott		M M & Co
Rockpool	2807	Owen		T M & Co
Rehmani	1872	Green		Bo S N Co Ld
Strathleven	2845	Brown		W and A G and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Homayan	2155	Molony	Jeddah		Bo & P S N Co
C&R Welsh Prince	3218	Hodson	Dunkirk		J Mackintosh & Co
D&E Merton Hall	2773	Field	K'chi		K N & Co
F Uganda	3498	Kilpatrick			M M & Co
G Islami	1605	Goode			Bo & P S N Co
H Umgeni	3666	Hagger	Middlesbro		T M & Co
K Vindobona	2688	Martinalich	Trieste	25-9	A L S N Co
N Umzumbi	2138	Robertson	Middlesbro	25-9	W & A G & Co
O Strathgarry	2840	Neill	Baltimore	29-9	R A Willis
P Athenic	2628	Penwill			S Smidt & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
1 Cleopatra	2129	Chersich	Trieste	1-10	A L S N Co
2 Lalpoora	2124	Milne	Calcutta		M M Co
3 Seistan	2711	Forbes	Antwerp	28	M M & Co
6 Silkworth Hall	3041	Owen	Port Said	30-9	W & A G & Co.
7 Ostmark	2706	Peter	Hamburg	28-9	
9 Bisaldar	3091	Toms	Calcutta	24-9	T M & Co
9 City of Benares	4321	Miller			K N & Co
10&11 Delta	4780	Martin	S'ghai	25-9	P & O Co
12&13 Egypt	4207	Summers			P & O Co
14 Dumra	762	Morrison	Busreh		M M & Co
H W P D					
Sabarmati	524	Ahmed			Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mohomed			Bo S N Co
30 ton crane.					
Dredger Kalu	401	Walker	Repairing		Bo P Trust

ARRIVALS.

Sept	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
23	Uganda	Kilpatrick	N Castle, Aug 14
24	Faris	Fisher	Busreh, Sept 14
	Rehmani	Green	Jeddah, Sept 11

DEPARTURES.

Sept	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
24	Urlana	Pratt	Mauritius, &c
	Rinaldo	Chilton	Hull, &c
	Thistleton	Beauchant	Dunkirk
	Alconda	Watts	Calcutta

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Faris for Busreh, &c.
" Rehmani for Jeddah, &c.
" Uganda for Calcutta, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Benares s—1.390.cwt wheat, Sanyda and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—3,600 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Silksworth Hall s—8,000 cwt barley, L. Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HULL.

Welsh Prince s—8,000 cwt castorseed Volkart Bros; 1,680 cwts cottonseed 4,840 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Geddington Court s—25 bales hemp, E. Oomersey; 345 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1971 cwts barley: Volkart Bros; 211 1-2 cwts mustardseed A. Pitamber.

FOR HAMBURG.

Costmark s—55 bales cotton-fly, K. Visram and Co; 28 cwt animal guts, Ad. Meyer; 1,000 cwt mowraseed, L. Dreyfus and Co; 112 1-2 cwt dairy products A. C. Kabere, 1 bale cotton, T. Damjee; 99 bales cotton, H. E. Bode and Sons.

Geddington Court s—110 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co; 2,001 cwts mowraseed, J. Fachiri.

FOR TRIESTE.

Vindobona s—6 cwt animal guts, Ad. Meyer; 220 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co; 55 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Cleopatra s—58 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—40 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 10 chests opium, C. Bomonji and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—20 chests opium, R. Dungarsidas; 70 chests opium, M. Gajanand; 5 chests opium, K. Kapurchand; 5 chests opium, G. Gumanmal; 20 chests opium, G. Sobhagmal; 5 chests opium, K. Rupchand; 5 chests opium, G. Kedarnath; 25 chests opium, J. Samirmal; 10 chests opium, M. N. Dedashti; 15 chests opium, C. Premsukh; 65 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Circassia" Sept. 27.

The Anchor Line s. s. "Circassia" is due to arrive here on the morning of the 27th instant with the following passengers :—

Billington Mr J H
Bowie, Mrs, child, infant and nurse
Cardew, Lt H S
Coucill, Mr W
Coucill, Mrs
Coucill, Miss Nellie
Coucill, Miss Lois
Creagh, Capt L
Cruttwell, Mr H L
Dumbell, Mrs C H
Geffert, Miss E
Greenham, Mr L
Greenham, Mrs, infant and ayah
Haskard, Miss M E
Hole, Miss E
Hughes, Capt C W F
Isham, Miss
Knock, Mr
Letham, Miss
Lomas, Mr W A
Meade, Capt W L
Meade, Mrs, infant and nurse
Murray, Mrs G J
Ross, Rev M D
Sunderland, Mr L
Taylor, Mr N
Temperly, Lt E E V
Turner, Mr E E
Wheatley, Capt W P R.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Umzumbi," Sep. 25.

The Natal Line s. s. "Umzumbi," will sail on the night of the 25th instant from "O" shed, Princes Dock with the following passengers. Medical inspection will take place alongside the vessel at 6-30 p.m to-morrow.

TO WEYMOUTH.

Woods, Miss M
Barrell, Mrs, nurse and child
Macgregor, Mrs and infant
Delaney, Miss
Ellis, Mr J A
Mason, Mr P J
Cole, Mrs A J
Thomas, Miss A F
Perry, Miss and 2 nurses
Sharp, Mr

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By Appointment to
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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GRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6	0	2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5	12	2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4	12	2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4	6	2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4	0	0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins.)	4	0	0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4	0	0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3	6	0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
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BOMBAY GAZETTE
CHRISTMAS NUMBER.
PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the Bombay Gazette, for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

Among these will be found G. R. SIMS, A and C. ASKEW, Sir A. QUILLER COUCH, J. H. McCARTHY, KATHARINE TYNAN, BARRY PAIN, DOROTHEA DEAKIN and HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS, including HILDA COWHAM, A. E. MORTON, WILL OWEN and J. DODWORTH. It will in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space is limited and much is already taken up; it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 25th Sept., 1912.

THE "SUBMERGED HALF."

THE Rev. John Breedon contributes to the *Wesleyan Methodist Church Record* a striking article on British and Anglo-Indian children in India, and, though he makes certain statements which will not fail to arouse controversy, he makes out a strong case for earnest consideration of a problem which is rapidly becoming as acute as any in this country. The author's most interesting point is that touching education. He shows how entirely the interests of European and Anglo-Indian children, in this respect, are neglected and, incidentally, offers an apology on behalf of the Christian missionary who devotes his time, energy and money to the specific object of evangelising non-Christian peoples. It is possible to agree with Mr. Breedon that this is a matter over which the missionaries have no control. "The money they receive," he says, "is given for the specific purpose of evangelising non-Christian peoples" and, since a missionary himself gives us the opportunity, it is as well at this point to express the opinion that the amazing and outstanding feature of British life in India, during the last half century, has been the ignoring of the wants and needs of the domiciled community, particularly in the matter of the education of its children. Indeed, Mr. Breedon emphasises this point of view. He says: "Nor must it be forgotten that missionaries were the pioneers of Indian education. Some of the finest institutions to be found in India, with staffs that would compare favourably with those of first-class colleges in this country (England), are missionary institutions. Indians can secure a four-years' under-graduate course from £27 10s. and upwards. Similar provision is never made for the European and Anglo-Indian. Nor could missionary societies do so. The money they receive is given for the specific purpose of evangelising non-Christian peoples." It seems pitiful that these conditions should continue, and thinking people will find it difficult to understand why, each year, hundreds of thousands of pounds, and untold human energy and time, should be squandered on peoples who cling to their hereditary religions or lapse into agnosticism rather than adopt the creed which the education so generously provided for them is supposed to inculcate.

We have no wish to deprecate Christian Missions, nor to decry their utility, but it would be extremely interesting, if it is possible, to obtain statistics covering, let us say, the last ten years to show what success has been achieved in the "conversion of the heathen." We believe they would show that the results do not justify the labour and energy spent upon them. It is wellknown, too, that the educated Indian is rarely moved by Christian ideals to the point at which he accepts them as the essentials of a living faith. In a sermon preached in Calcutta some years ago in connection with the English Church Union, Canon Brown, the head of the Oxford Mission to Calcutta, declared that the tendency of the educated Indian was towards agnosticism rather than Christianity. If, then, education, designed along missionary lines, does not lead the Indian youth in the right direction, from the point of view of his teachers, is it worth while to continue it? Then there is another point of view quite outside the more general question of utility. Mr. Breedon admits that the fact that "one of the greatest tributes to the power of Christianity is the number of highly cultured men who have consecrated their lives to India. . . does not lessen the sadness of the situation of our own people in that country, namely, that thousands of Indians have received their education largely at the expense of this country (England), and in this way have been prepared to oust, and have actually ousted, the Whites from appointments they once held, and which, if educated, they are peculiarly fitted to fill. It is sad that our very passion for the evangelisation of India has embarrassed our own people and made life a more difficult struggle for them. We must not renounce our missionary zeal, but we must do what for so many years we have left undone."

We commend this enlightened argument to all who are concerned in the problem of Anglo-Indian education, and cannot press too strongly our view that while Indian young men and women have a certain claim, that claim should not be prosecuted to the prejudice and detriment of the White and Anglo-Indian communities. We realize fully that the Anglo-Indian community has earned for itself the reproach of apathy and inertia, but their poverty is sufficient to crush the stoutest spirit, and in many cases the environment of their upbringing destroyed whatever chance there might have been of developing those qualities which make for success in life. "In some cities in India," we are told, "they are herded in slums alongside of low-caste natives, and even Chinamen. They live in alleys and courts, their only covering small sheds made of one thickness of matting erected upon the bare ground. Fifteen or twenty of these cabins will be crowded in a court-yard sixty feet square, surrounded by high tenements. In each of them lives a family. A flap covers the doorway; there is no drain. In a corner behind the row of shanties is the common outhouse for men, women, and children. English and Indian, Anglo-Indians of all shades, and a sprinkling of Chinese inhabit these dwellings side by side, and the Chinese are often the most cleanly. Truly, indeed, may it be said that the domiciled Englishman and Anglo-Indian are alike threatened with a common danger. Unless help is quickly forthcoming the whole community must become totally submerged and present to Hindus and Mahomedans a ghastly spectacle of the depth to which Britishers can sink in a country which their fathers conquered." We commend this appalling picture—for it is no less—to all those who hitherto have limited the recognition of their responsibilities to purely missionary work among Indians, and ask them also to consider whether the apostolic injunction—so much relied upon by missionary societies—is observed when those of our own house, so to speak, who are submerged in the highways and by-ways of Anglo-India, are abandoned to their fate.

AGRICULTURE IN THE DECCAN. HIS Excellency the Governor was very much to the point in the speech he delivered at the meeting of the Deccan Agricultural Association at Poona on Monday. Happily, there was not great scope for adverse criticism, although Sir George did refer to the allusions, so frequently made, to "the destruction of Indian trade under British rule," and he gave his audience a timely reminder that India received every year from the exports of the produce of her land more than four times the total annual assessment and far more than the total expenditure of Government. But this is a matter more closely touching economics than anything else, and we believe the number of Indians who imagine that the Indian export trade is fraught with loss to the Indian people grows less each year as the Government of India and provincial administrations heap proof upon proof that they are true guardians of Indian interests. We consider one of the outstanding features of the report, of which the Governor delivered so lengthy a review, was the question of the trained Organizer whom the Association had employed for missionary work among well-to-do land-owners. His duty was to preach the gospel of modern method, to induce land-owners to undertake in their own fields, for their own and their neighbours' benefit, the trial of some one or other of the new methods advocated by the Committee of the Association and to note the results. "On the whole," we are told, "the Organiser has been able to stimulate many local bodies into activity, and to awaken the ryots' interest in improved methods and operation." Unfortunately, however, the finances of the Association will not permit the services of the Organizer to be continued for more than six months, and we are glad that His Excellency was able to promise that his Government would find the means of overcoming this difficulty. Too much emphasis cannot be laid upon the necessity of eliminating the old prejudice and conservatism from among the cultivators, for until this has been done there is little hope of inducing them to adopt up-to-date methods, without which no great improvement can be effected in agricultural conditions. "God speed the Plough" is the invocation with which His Excellency concluded a striking speech, but it need not be said that the invocation will be ineffective without enlightened work among the people themselves. To assist in that work is the mission of the Association, and it is a matter for profound satisfaction that they have hitherto been able to accomplish so much.

CHINESE GRIEVANCES. DR. MORRISON has lost no time in standing before Europe as the champion of his new masters and whatever we may think regarding the strength or weakness of the case he presents, we are glad to admit the temperate character of his advocacy. Soon after his appointment as Foreign Adviser to the Chinese Government was announced, Dr. Morrison wrote to the *Times* defending the leaders of the Government, and manifesting an optimism in regard to the future of the country with which few observers could agree. He now appears as a critic of the Powers' attitude towards Chinese finance, and in the course of an interview with a representative of Reuter's Agency in London deprecates very strongly the action of the Powers in forbidding China to borrow except through certain banks which he declares are now given a monopoly. This action, Dr. Morrison says, has naturally excited mistrust, "and it will be most unfortunate if the Governments persist in their policy with regard to the Six-Power loan." We confess to some difficulty in following Dr. Morrison's argument. He states, for example, that the opposition to the Six-Power Loan arises from the natural desire that China shall be mistress in her own house. We believe nobody desires that she should not be, and it is a matter for some surprise that the Chinese Ministers do not realize that their country, its integrity and general interests, will be safer with six international creditors than with one. It seems to have been forgotten, moreover, that the Six-Power Syndicate was formed, not for the purpose of giving a monopoly to certain groups, but of preventing China from receiving credit dangerous to herself and foreign lenders, and also to ensure the maintenance of harmonious relations with the Powers interested in the Far East. This particular view was submitted very strongly the other day by a great Paris journal, the occasion being the signing of the contract in London between the Chinese Minister and a London house for an advance of £10,000,000. There is another inexplicit reference in Dr. Morrison's communication to Reuter, namely, the prohibiting by the Powers of China's borrowing except through certain banks. We think this statement is merely a tinkling cymbal. China has recently put through a loan in London, which neither the British nor American Governments approve, but so passive was their objection, that the first advance is on the eve of being made, if, indeed, it has not already been made. It is possible that Dr. Morrison has a strong case to present, but if he has we cannot congratulate him on his handling of it.

THE MEDICAL COUNCIL. AS Surgeon-General Stevenson rightly pointed out of the first meeting yesterday of the Bombay Medical Council, being the first meeting of the first body of its kind in India, was an occasion of great importance. The Council has come into being amid the expression of some very mixed feeling. Europeans in the medical profession and some of their Indian brethren are convinced that medical registration will eventually be of as great benefit in India as it has been at Home. At the same time the seemingly endless speeches, to which we listened while the Bill was being debated in the Legislative Council, and which described the virtues as well as the idiosyncracies of "vaids" and "hakims" showed that there was a good deal of misunderstanding and a good deal of feeling on the subject. That misunderstanding and feeling, we suppose, will only be removed by time and experience, particularly the latter, but it will be the more rapidly removed if the Medical Council is loyally and diligently supported by the profession in this Presidency, so that the benefits of registration may the more quickly and the more widely become apparent. Surgeon-General Stevenson briefly but effectively pointed out the path along which the best progress should be sought, and we should like to emphasise the appeal, which he made to Indian members of the profession, that this Council might result in a greater homogeneity amongst the profession in India. It is essential that Indian doctors should recognise the Council as a common tie among all those, who follow Western methods of the healer's art, and in realising their common mission to humanity, lose sight of communal or sectarian differences. If they can do this, it will be for the benefit of individual members of the profession, for the advancement of medical research in this country, and for the ultimate betterment of the teeming populations of India, among whom whole-hearted and united medical service is such a crying need.

MUNICIPAL TRAM PASSES. THE discussion at the Bombay Municipal Corporation about the free tram passes, which appear to have been used by some members of that body, was quite characteristic of the Corporation; that is, it was a lot of fuss to have made about an unimportant matter. We presume the subject was raised because it is feared that those members, who have accepted passes from the Tramway Company may be unduly influenced in the Company's favour, when shortly they have to consider the Company's application for reconsideration of the fares. However, nothing was disclosed to show that these passes have been recently offered. Presumably they have been given, as a matter of course, for some time, and we do not suppose, even if the Corporation refuses to sanction any alteration of fares, that it is the intention of the Company to stop them. Therefore how their possession is likely to affect the judgment of members we are unable to see. It is true that the members in actual fact have transgressed a rule of the Corporation, in that they have accepted a gift from a Company, which has a contract with the Corporation, but it is a breach which seems to us to be merely technical and quite unimportant. The members too are entitled to make their reply that the passes are given them in order that their supervision of the system, as members of the Corporation, may be facilitated. A similar course is taken, we believe, in other towns and has been found to be unobjectionable. In Calcutta at any rate, not only do members of the Municipal Corporation ride on the tramcars free, but members of the police force and newspaper reporters are permitted the same privilege. So far, no one seems to have disturbed himself about this.

THE Viceroy and party, four guns in alll shot 97 pheasant and chikor, sixteen gura and three karkar in the Dhami jungles.

IT is understood that Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, Finance Member, will proceed direct to Simla on return from leave, arriving there on the 20th of October.

THE Co-operative Credit Conference, which all Provincial Registrars will attend, will open at Simla on the 28th of October next. Mr. Maclagan, Secretary, Revenue and Agriculture Department, will preside.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 6.

England's best sprinter at the present time is certainly W. R. Applegarth, the dapper little Poly technic Harrier. He and D. Lippincott of the United States had some race struggles during the Olympic Games, the American proving himself slightly the better, and as they are both youngsters, they are quite likely to renew their duel at the Olympic Games of 1916. Applegarth has now had considerable experience of international sports and he is no stranger to German tracks. He turned out at Charlottenburg on Sunday, when the Berliner Sports Club held an important meeting The Englishman and R. Rau had a fine struggle in the 100 metres race, the latter only winning by half a yard in 11 secs. Applegarth did better in the 200 metres however and turned the tables on the German, winning by nearly 4 yards in 22 2-5 secs.

A GOOD WALK.

Stamina is evidently the strong point with A. C. St. Norman, who represented South Africa in the 10,000 metres walking race at the Olympic Games. He was not speedy enough for G. Goulding and E. Webb, but he showed his pluck and all round ability by starting in the Marathon race. What is more he finished the trying course, which was better than many of the recognised Marathon cracks managed to do. St. Norman's latest performance was to qualify for membership in the Centurians Club; a very exclusive organisation. as it is restricted to men who have walked 100 miles inside 24 hours. Five competitors completed in the Surrey Walking Club's race from London to Brighton and back (104 1-2 miles) on Saturday, and three of them were successful in qualifying for admission to the Centurians. St. Norman showed fine judgment and he is evidently suited by a long journey on the road. After allowing the leaders to force the pace, he came up at the 38th mile, which stage occupied him 7 hours 15 mins. 50 sec.s, and when the 50 miles mark was reached, he held a good lead. St. Norman's time at this point was 10 hours 25 mins. 50 secs. continuing to go nicely, St. Norman finally won by 1 hour and 22 mins., his full time for the 104 1-4 miles being 21 hours 18 mins. 45 secs., a very excellent performance for a first attempt over the London Brighton course.

BOMB WELLS CAN SPRINT.

The Cardiff £ 200 sprint handicap this week, gave Bomb Billy Wells, a chance to show he can sprint as well as box. The distance of the race was 100 yards, Wells receiving 10 1-2 yards start from R. E. Walker of S. Africa and J. Donaldson of Australia. Neither of the Scratch men survived the opening round, Donaldson being second in his heat which was run in 9 4-5 secs., Wells did 9 4-5 secs. in his heat and 9 3-5 secs. in the final, which he won easily. The timing was strange or some of the competitors inconsistent, for two who showed 9 2-5 secs. in the second round were not in the first two in the final. Many boxers have been good sprinters, but it is remarkable to find a heavy weight showing such speed. Wells is evidently a good runner and as he won pulling up, he must be quite equal to 10 3-5 secs. for 100 yards.

POOR SPORTSMANSHIP.

The harm done the prestige of England through the unfounded charges of foul running against American athletes at the Olympic Games has already been touched on in these notes and there is no need to go into the matter again to any extent. Some reference is in order however, in consequence of the reply made by Mr. J. E. Sullivan, America's Olympic Commissioner. That English sportsmanship is considered to be of a low order in consequence of the unfair charges is very natural and only what we must expect. It is just as well to remind the sportung world of a few facts however. No one expects a whole nation to be free of poor sportsmen and there are undesirables in every country. It is a fact that no English athlete has brought charges of unfairness against American athletes in connection with the last Olympic Games. On the contrary several have publicly protested against the absurd charges made by a few writers. It is also worth remembering that "Gareth" of the "Referee" and "Olympic Gold Medalist" in the "Sunday Times" (who were two of the previous offenders in making charges against Americans) were not present at Stockholm. Thus much harm is done England's good name through silly statements by writers who do not speak from personal knowledge. It is very unfortunate that unture charges are made, but it cannot be too widely known that atholetes who understand the situation do not make them, on the contrary, some of them stand up for the Americans. By those who know, the opinion of one experienced athlete would be more valued than the ideas and impressions of a dozen writers in the lay Press.

REMARKABLE CYCLING.

This year's annual North Road Cycling Clubs, 24 hours unpaced road race was decided under very strange conditions. Owing to the floods in the Eastern Countries portions of the course were under water, so that the competitors had to wade through pools for some distance. Under such conditions, it was all the more remarkable that a big improvement in the record should have been made. In G. Selbach of the University C. C. was the hero of the race. He had ridden 206 1-2 miles, when the 12 hours had expired, and continuing to go well, he eventually covered 394 miles in the 24 hours. His total equals Harry Green's long standing professional record and considerably improves on the previous amateur record of 386 miles by H. Bennett last year.

Writing about the North Road race recalls that Leon Georget has won the Bold'or for the seventh time. The race is a 24 hours paced track event and the biggest thing of its kind in France Georget ride 593 miles fn the recent race, which however, is well behind the great record created by A. E. Walters of England in tne nineties,

SWIMMING.

David Billington of Bacup retains his form splendidly and the illustrated this by creating a new record for 1,000 yards at the recent Preston Swimming Gala. He covered the distance in 13 mins. 28 secs. and so wiped out the 13 mins. 34 4-5 secs., set up by himself in 1905. That Billington is still able to produce such form is a high tribute to the careful life and steady training he lives and follows.

The half mile amateur championship at Maldon (Essex) on Saturday, was merely an exercise swim for J. Haltfield, the Middlesbrough youth having an easy task. H. Taylor did not turn out to defend his tittle, the stoutest opposition coming from W. H. Melhurst, who made such a plucky effort in the recent longistance championship. Another interesting recent event was a 220 yards scratch race at Dublin, wherein C. Healy just beat L. Boardman (also of Australia) in 2 mins, 36 secs. The time constitutes a new Irish record being nearly four seconds better than G. S. Dockrell's old record.

CRICKET.

Several notable performances have been accomplished on the cricket field this week. The Australians are not likely to look back with pleasure to their doings at Kennington Oval during the present tour as they failed there for the third time, when meeting Surrey and Middlesex. Save for W. Bardsley, who played a splendid innings of 111, followed by another of 79, none of the Visitors could do much with the bowling. Bardsley's good batting enabled him to surpass his aggregate of over 2,000 runs during his previous visit to England three years ago. Several of the English batsmen came off, notably M. C. Bird of Surrey, whose 112 was the best thing be has accomplished against the Australians. Hobbs (57) and Tarrant (61) also batted well, but it was the bowlers who mainly brought about the discomfort of the Australians. Hitch secured 3 wickets for 53, and 3 for 42, Hearn (J. T.) 3 for 43, and Tarrant 4 for 34, the last named thus doing well against his fellow countrymen.

Another example of a cricketer coming off against his own countrymen was furnished by A. D. Nourse this week in the South Africa V. Hants match.

The Surrey-born player carried out his bat for 213, and he did not offer a real chance during his stay of 4 1-4 hours. He hit one 6, one 5 and thirty-one 4's, and this is his highest score to date.

Some reference is due to the splendid performance by bowlers during the Yorkshire vs. M. C. C. match at Scarborough this week. The batsmen had the worst of the deal throughout, H. L. Simms (45 not out) being the top scorer of the match. M. Falcon was the most successful bowler and during the first innings of Yorkshire, he secured 5 wickets for 16 runs. Drake also did splendid work for Yorkshire, by taking 4 wickets for 24, whilst Booth got 6 for 52 and Hirst 6 for 40.

FOOTBALL OPENS.

There are always a few sensations to mark the opening of the football season. Blackburn Rovers, the League champions of last season, commenced badly on visiting Sheffield Wednesday, where the home men scored the odd goal in three Newcastle opened in fine style to "bag" two points on visiting Bolton and Manchester City also prevailed away from home when tackling Notts County.

Considerable interest centred in the performance of Chelsea, the newly promoted club. In playing Aston Villa to a goal on the winners, ground was a good performance and the form shown by the Stamford Bridge men points to their retaining a place in the top division. Brebner, who is an amateur International, was in goal for Chelsea, and his brilliant work in frout of the net had a lot to do with the good performance by the visitors.

THE AUTUMN HANDICAPS.

Sportsmen now have the weights for the Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire to interest them. The 1911 Oaks Winner, Cherimoya, and Jackdaw top the long distance handicap with 9st., and well-known performers in King William and Mushroom, also 4 year olds, receive 3 and 4lbs. respectively. Noted stayers in Clarenceux, 5 yards and Admiral Togo III aged, are weighted at 8st. 5lbs. and 8st 4lbs. Turning to the Cambridgeshire, top weight is shared by Long Set and Whisk Broom, the impost being 9st. 4lbs. Sweeper III, 3 years 8st. 6lbs., catches the eye and other 3 years olds in Jaeger, 8st 1lb and Catmint 8st are likely to receive support, should all go well. The acceptances will be published next week, after which we may expect some genuine wagering.

IN GENERAL.

The All Ireland Polo Championship at Phœnix Park ended in King's County beating Co Dublin.

If Frank Wootton continues to make good progress, it is possible he will be riding again before this month is over.

Remarkable form was shown by R. H. Corbett in the Tangye Cup competition on the Mullion golf course nine successive hiles being accomplished in 3 strokes each.

The fact that Dick Arnst has withdrawn his challenge to Barry clears the way somewhat and makes matters easier for a match between E. Duran of Canada and Barry.

The English motor boat Maple Leaf IV seems to have shown something like her true form in the second and third races for the International Cup, which will now find a home here for another period.

Gunner Moir made a wretched showing against P. O. Curran in their bount on Monday. Curran set about his man from the start and the first round was not half way through, when Moir was well beaten.

NAMBUDIRI WOMEN.

Should They be Allowed to Travel by Train?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 24.

A special meeting of the Keralleya Brahma Samajam, a representative Association of the Nambudirs on the West Coast, was held on Monday last to consider the question of travelling in trains by Nambudiri women, or Antharjanam as they are generally called. After a short introductory speech by the president, explaining the objects of the meeting, Mr. Poomalli Manakal Thuppen Nambudirapad moved that Nambudiri women should not be permitted to travel by railways, and that it was against the principles of the caste rules. The motion was put to the vote and carried by a large majority. Opportunity was taken to move a resolution to the effect that Nambudiris should not be permitted to avail themselves of English education. The meeting passed a resolution condemning English education.

However, at another meeting of Nambudiris, held recently in connection with the recent excommunication of a Nambudiri family for travelling by train with females, and the re-admission of the family into caste, a resolution was passed to the effect that there was not the least objection to railway travel by Nambudiri women.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 24.

Mr. C. F. Payne, Acting Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, has been placed on special duty in connection with the general amendment of the Municipal Act, and will take up duties immediately after the Pujahs. Defects in the Act which have been discovered during the twelve or thirteen years, it has been in force, are to be remedied, but it is not expected that the Bill will be introduced in the Bengal Council before the cold weather of 1913-14.

It has not yet been decided whether the Bombay system of non-official chairman and official Commissioner shall be recommended or not.

DEATH OF VON BIEBERSTEIN.

TRAGIC SEQUEL TO COLD AND OVERWORK.

English Press and his Work in London.

SKETCH OF A BRILLIANT CAREER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, SEPT. 24.

A message received from Badenweiler announces the death of Baron Marschall Von Bieberstein recently appointed German Ambassador to Great Britain.

LATER.

The sudden death of "Germany's strong man" has caused a considerable sensation. He has been undergoing a cure, suffering from a cold and overwork, but the seriousness of his indisposition was not suspected. He intended to leave for London in the autumn.

The evening papers give prominence to the Baron's brilliant career, and to the importance of his most recent work in London, where he made an excellent impression, striving as it was believed, for peace and closer amity between England and Germany.

A BRILLIANT CAREER.

"A dilettante without luck"—such was Bismarck's description of Baron Marschall when he became head of the Foreign Office at Berlin. And, perhaps there seemed then to be some ground for the slighting judgment. Baron Marschall when appointed in 1890 by Count Caprivi to take charge of the Foreign Office could not boast of any diplomatic training nor even look back on an official's career in any department or foreign affairs. He had been a State Prosecutor; then, 36 years of age, was elected to the Reichstag as a Conservative deputy, and lastly, in 1883, was appointed by the Government of Baden, his native country, to represent it at Berlin as Minister Plenipotentiary and member of the Federal Council. So far he showed himself able cultivated, and enlightened, without, however, any special talents or predilection for diplomacy of foreign affairs. But he did not lack confidence, or, as Bismarck no doubt thought presumption. Professor Schweninger, in his reminiscences of Bismarck, describes how Bismarck on the eve of his departure from office offered to initiate Baron von Marschall into the European situation and give him advice. Baron von Marschall, however, merely thanked him and said: "Never mind, I shall pick up the knowledge of details by and by—foreign affairs have, indeed, always been my hobby." Foreign affairs a hobby; how it must have sounded in the ears of Bismarck, the greatest diplomatist of the century. The phrase explains sufficiently how Bismarck came so to misjudge Baron Marschall as a mere dilettante.

SUCCESSFUL FOREIGN MINISTER.

For seven years (1890-97) Baron Marschall stood at the head of the Foreign Office and proved anything but a dilettante "without luck." It was he who successfully negotiated the new commercial treaties which marked a return from the high protectionist policy of his predecessor, and it was under him that the foundations of German prestige in the Near East were laid. A clear appreciation of this period of his activity is, however, impossible owing to the fact that the Kaiser was bent at that time upon being his own Foreign Minister, and Baron Marschall's part must have been confined on more than one occasion—that of the famous Kruger telegram is notorious—to covering his master. It is perhaps for that reason that he a man of independent judgment, ultimately grew tired of his position and sought the first occasion to escape from it. A few months after his retirement from the Wilhelmstrasse Baron Marschall was sent to Constantinople. Here he soon acquired the leading position in the diplomatic world. He succeeded by sheer tact and political sense in consolidating Germany's position at Constantinople. His guiding principle was simple enough. Turkey's independence and integrity must be preserved against all encroachments, since Turkey offers an enormous field for Germany's economic activity. But when it came to applying it in practice, the difficulties showed themselves to be gigantic. The Cretan question, the Armenian question, the question of the Dardanelles, the question of Macedonia, the plans of Australia on the subject of Salonika, the rivalry of Australia and Italy in Albania—all these and many other problems, spelling danger to the independence and integrity of the Ottoman Empire, were surging on all hands and ranging now one, now another Power in opposition to Germany. It was Baron Marschall's task to parry them all without risk of war, and this he did successfully. He knew exactly when the back of the Sultan ought to be stiffened and when (as in the case of Macedonian reforms) it ought to be made to bend.

POLICY IN TURKEY.

His policy, of course, led to his being denounced as a friend of the Hamidian regime, and so universal was this opinion even among the Young Turks that when the revolution broke out it was generally assumed that his influence was shattered. There were indeed, moments in those days when he ran the personal risk of attack by the crowds. But the policy, sometimes clumsy, sometimes worse than, that, of the other Powers led Young Turkey to believe that Baron Marschall's diplomacy was directed towards the strengthening of the Ottoman Government whatever its political colour might be, and he slowly but steadily regained his influence. The practical effect of the position which he succeeded in gaining for his country is written large on the Baghdad Railway and the numerous concessions and undertaking which have been acquired by Germany in Turkey in the course of the last fifteen years.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, SEPT. 23.

There were two further deaths in Royal circles on the Continent to-day, viz, Prince Louis Napoleon Murat and Duke Francis Joseph of Bavaria.

REMARKABLE TRIAL.

Company of Guards Charged with Cheating.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

A remarkable trial is in progress at Potsdam, the entire company of the 1st. Foot Guards being charged with cheating at the shooting contest for the Kaiser's Prize. Each man was allowed thirty cartridges in this competition. A man, however, was observed taking cartridges from a booth, whereupon the whole company was searched, and seventeen hundred rounds in excess of the amount allowed were found.

THE CHINESE LOAN.

LONDON, SEPT. 23.

Five millions of the loan contracted by China with a London house will be issued this week-end at the price of 95. It bears interest at 5 per cent.

SIR KRISHNA GUPTA.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

Sir Krishna Gupta leaves next week for a ur through India, returning in February.

THE TURKISH REFORMS.

Wrested by Russian Threats of Intervention.

CONCESSIONS TO MALISSORI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

Apparently Russia, at the instance of Bulgaria, has been taking strong and independent action in pressing upon Turkey the urgency of effective reforms. It is noteworthy that the preamble to the communication extending to all the Provinces the concessions recently granted to the Albanians states that the Cabinet's decision was due to steps taken by certain Ambassadors, and to communications made by M. Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister to the Turkish Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

According to one Turkish account M. Sazonoff intimated to the Ambassador that unless reforms were promptly introduced the Powers would be compelled to intervene, though an authoritative Russian communique denies the use of these words.

The Cabinet has conceded to the Malissori a number of concessions which go beyond those granted to the Albanians.

FRESH CAUSE OF FRICTION.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

A further cause of friction in the Balkans is the stoppage by the Turkish authorities at Salonika and Uskub of a consignment of artillery ammunition destined for Servia, Turkey demanding assurances as to Servia's attitude in the Balkans, before releasing the consignment.

ULSTER.

Fiery Outburst by Mr. F. E. Smith.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

Mr. F. E. Smith was the chief speaker at yesterday's Ulsterite demonstration at Ballymena, Sir Edward Carson being detained in Belfast. There were some remarkable scenes at the overflow meeting, the crowd numbering ten thousand. Among other demonstrations of enthusiasm was the lighting of a bonfire.

Speaking at a meeting of the Ulster Unionist Council yesterday, Mr. F.E. Smith said that the time for action was approaching. If the revolutionary committee now in power in England, coerced Ulster, rifles in Liverpool would go off of themselves. If this were treason, then he would reply "Our duty is not to this Government, but to the Constitution of which they are custodians."

The Unionist papers state that the Council has approved a scheme of Provisional Government for the whole of Ulster.

LORD KITCHENER.

Sequel to the Simla Riding Accident.

LONDON, SEPT. 23.

The *Manchester Guardian* states that Lord Kitchener particularly came to England for an operation on the leg he broke in India. He consulted London and Liverpool surgeons as to the advisability of having it re-broken. He was, however, informed that this course was impossible and that he had better leave the injured limb to time and treatment.

Lord Kitchener will return to Egypt on the 3rd prox.

BOXING.

Important Heavy-Weight Match.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

At "The Ring," Blackfriars, yesterday, Petty Officer Curran, the Irish heavy-weight champion, beat the South African, Rodel, on a foul in the sixteenth round.

"Bombardier" Wells has challenged the winner.

THE WHITEHALL BURGLARY.

LONDON, SEPT. 23.

The humorous side to the robbery of nuggets from the Canadian Emigration Offices is that they contain only ten pounds' sterling worth of gold.

M. SAZONOFF'S VISIT.

LONDON, SEPT. 23.

M. Sazonoff and Sir Edward Grey arrived at Ballater this afternoon and proceeded in the King's motor car to Balmoral.

SWADESHI BANKS.

Managing Director Charged with Misappropriation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT 24.

Cases brought in mofussil districts at the instance of policy-holders against Pandit Gungaram, late Managing Director of the All India Banking and Insurance Company, Lahore, who has already been prosecuted for breach of trust in respect of about Rs. 2,00,000 by the said Company, have been transferred to Lahore by order of Mr. Justice Chevis of the Lahore Chief Court.

The directors and secretary, of the Khushab Shadi Fund, were summoned by the District Magistrate, Lahore and they having promised to satisfy the policy-holders; the search warrants against them have been cancelled and a Lahore barrister has been appointed as liquidator.

SILVER COINAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 24.

The coining of silver recently purchased by the Government of India will now be steadily proceeded with in view of the increase in demand for rupees for trade purposes,

THE office of the Honorary General Secretary, St. John Ambulance Association in India, will close at Cherat, on the 30th September, and reopen at Peshawar on 1st October.

RAILWAY PROBLEMS.

Mining Association and the Government.

GUARANTEE ASKED FOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 24.

The Indian Mining Association held a well-attended meeting at the hall of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce this afternoon to consider the railway situation.

Mr. Alex Topping, Chairman of the Association, presiding, said that it was their duty to the trading interests of the country as a whole to voice their views on the position and to impress upon Government the necessity for active and immediate measures to put the whole railway system in an efficient state, not only as regards wagon supply, but also track and terminal facilities. He considered that from the point of veiw of equity they would have a good case in claiming against Government for all losses already sustained and likely to be sustained in future owing to the inadequacy of transport facilities. Unfortunately the Railway Act prevented action. It was all very well for Government to announce that they had sanctioned an additional crore and a half of rupees to railways, and that they had accepted the offer from a firm of wagon builders to take payment for wagon orders in 3 1-2 per cent., railway bonds, but had they any assurance from Government that the money will all be spent, and in the right direction, and that the convenience in regard to payment of wagons will be availed of to its fullest extent? The Railway Board had agreed to hold an enquiry in the colliery districts early next month. The Association could not know the result for the next few weeks and could not be sure that funds would be provided for immediately carrying out the recommendations. He did not think therefore that they should let it interfere with their proposed action that afternoon.

The letter of the Railway Board published that morning was a source of satisfaction to all of them as an indication that Government was at last waking up to the fact that something on a large scale had to be done and that they were taking action. But Government must take the public into confidence and issue a full report as to works that have been undertaken, and thereafter keep them informed of the progress made.

The Chairman then moved that in view of the menace to the industries of India by reason of the failure of the railways to keep pace with transport requirements of the country, Government be requested by a memorial to the Secretary of State to give a guarantee that all capital or additional expenditure which is neither directly reproductive, nor presently essential to the safety and efficient administration of the country, shall cease until the needs of the railway equipment have been satisfied and that the immediate requirements of the railways shall be forthwith ascertained and published.

Mr. Ironside (Bird and Co.) in seconding said that no province in the world possessed a finer supply of good cheap fuel, but their effort, to meet even the existing demand had been hampered until to-day they were, he confessed, well nigh "dead beat." As a result of the interference in the law of demand and supply coal securities were treated as gambling counters and capital was difficult to obtain, They did not ask for one million or five, but for fifty or a hundred if necessary.

SOME STRAIGHT TALKING.

Mr. R. W. Hoare Miller, of Messrs Hoare Miller and Co. said he would like to ask those who had control of jute mills how they would like the situation if they were unable to say whether, having contracted to deliver in August, they would be able to obtain transport in August or October. He gave an instance, as proof of the lack of transport of a colliery which began the year with accumulated stock of 14,000 tons which had grown in six months to 45,000 tons. It had the whole of May and June output on the ground and was only just commencing to despatch the April output. The whole quantity had been sold, but could not be despatched. Receipts from railways last year were thirty seven millions sterling and revenue profits seventeen millions. This gigantic business was controlled by a Board of three. Another disability was that railway funds were mixed up with the general revenue of the country.

Mr. Monteith (Messrs. Mackinon Mackkenzie and Co.) said the failure of the railways was not the result of the coincidence of improved trade, but the result of a long course extended over several years of starving the railways. In 1907, the Railway Commisssion recommended an annual expenditure of eleven millions, but only eight millions were spent. The efficiency of existing lines should not be jeopardised by expenditure on new lines or extensions.

Sir Cecil Graham said that until the Secretary of State allowed the Government of India to spread the expenditure over a number of year instead of for one year, as at present, much good would not be done. Until they had a railway programme like a naval programme spread over three, four or five years he did not see how the leeway could be made up.

Mr. Shirley Tremearne attacked the personnel of the Railways declaring all the chief men had nothing but Indian experience, or if with supposed English experience they were friends or nephews of Directors. The result was that they got into a rut and stopped there.

After speeches from Mr. Shorrock and others in support of the resolution it was passed unanimously and the meeting came to an end.

SHIP'S CAPTAIN DROWNED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KHULNA, SEPT. 24.

On the 19th of September last, while the s. s. "Burdwan" of the R. S. N. and I. G. S. N. Co. was coming from Naraingan j, *via* Madaripur, Captain Sprague, fell into the water and was drowned. A search was made immediately, but his body could not be recovered. The "Burdwan" at once anchored and on the following day the body was found floating in the water, and it was brought to Khulna on Sunday last, and buried in the local burial ground. All the Europeans, of the town of Khulna, attended the burial ceremony.

A NOTORIOUS DACOIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 24.

The notorious dacoit, named Haider Shah, has been sentenced to eleven years' rigorous imprisonment at Jullunder City by Mr. Swift, Special Magistrate. Nine others have been sentenced to different terms varying from three to eleven years.

INDIAN TELEGRAPHS.

Large Increase in Traffic in 1911-12.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 24.

Sir Charles Stewart Wilson's administration report of the Indian Telegraphs Department for 1911-12, has been published. During the year 14,899,875 telegrams were transmitted over the lines of the department representing a revenue of Rs. 1,06,16,833 giving, with receipts from other sources, such as rent of railway and private lines, a total revenue of Rs. 1.42,74,275 as compared with working charges amounting to Rs. 1,23,24,356.

The telegraph system was extended during year by the erection of 1,753 miles of line and 6,563 miles of wire and cable, and at the close of the year consisted of 76,581 miles of line and 298,568 miles of wire and cable of which 93,436 miles of wire and cable were used by railways, 8,690 miles were for canals, 14,713 miles for telephone exchanges and private lines, and 181,729 for departmental purposes.

Under the head, "Inland Telegrams," the total number of messages rose from 11,673,134 to 13,136385, showing an increase of 1,463,251. The total receipts also rose from Rs. 67,54,179 to Rs. 76,46,815 showing an increase of Rs. 8,92,636, the percentages of increase were 20·51 in number and 25·87 in value under State; 11·78 in number and 11·49 in value under private, and 13·54 in number and 6·01 in value under Press. The increases under State and Press were due, principally, to the visit of their Imperial Majesties the King and Queen to India and to the Coronation Durbar at Delhi. The increase in private telegrams was due to these causes as well as to heavy speculation in grain in July and August owing to the partial failure of the rains.

Under "Foreign Telegrams," the Indian share of the value increased from Rs. 25,01,601 to Rs. 26,74,601. The large increase under State and Press telegrams is due principally to the visit of their Imperial Majesties the King and Queen to India. The increase under private may be attributed partly to the same causes and partly to the Boards of Trade and the labour troubles in England. There were 435,697 inland telegraphic money-orders transmitted during the year, the telegraphic charges on which amounted to Rs. 2,06,337, an advance to the value of Rs. 1,91,288 on the previous year or an increase of about 17,47 per cent in number and 7,86 per cent in value.

The excellent services rendered by Mr. Thomas at Delhi during the Durbar and by Mr. De Smith in the Abor Expedition are noticed.

DECCAN AGRICULTURE.

End of the Conference at Poona.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 24.

At the second day's proceedings of the Deccan Agricultural Association the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb presided.

Mr. T. F. Mann, Deputy Director of Agriculture, read a paper on "Storage of Fodder." He dwelt on the two vices of incendiarism and theft, which were prevented to some extent by the making of silage as a useful means of supplementing fodder. In the Deccan the Agricultural Department had resorted to building stacks of fodder on raised platforms to prevent destruction by white ants and thatched the stacks with mud plaster against rain.

Rao Sahib G. G. Kelkar, Assistant Professor of Agriculture, then read a paper in Marathi on "Emergency Fodder" after which there was a discussion of matters touched upon in the vernacular and English.

After the election of an executive committee for the next year the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb summed up the results of the proceedings, They must, he said, co-operate in order to help agriculture, and a good deal of useful work could also be achieved by popular discourses and discussions among agriculturists themselves in the manner in which the Association was already doing. He commended to their attention a system of co-operative buying and selling as also the utility of fodder storage, and concluded with the hope that the Society might show an equally progressive year in that which was to follow.

OORIYA GRIEVANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 24.

An extraordinary meeting of the Utkal Union Conference was held at Berhampore (Ganjam) on Sunday last and the following resolution was passed: "The meeting apprehends that the Collector of Ganjam's opinion, expressed in his letter dated the 11th of August, 1912, conveying the Government of India's decision that the transfer of the Ooriya-speaking portions of the Madras presidency to the Province of Behar and Orissa was not desirable or necessary, was arrived at for want of information regarding the circumstances which impede the normal progress of the Ooriya race, and the decision being in conflict with the avowed policy of Government to give facilities for communal and racial progress, this meeting begs to record its respectful and loyal protest against the decision.

LATE SIR JOHN JENKINS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 24.

With reference to the proposed memorial to the late Sir John Jenkins, a letter has been received by Hon. Khan Zulfiqar Ali Khan C. S. I., of Malercotla, in which the Private, Secretary to the Viceroy writes:—"H. E. the Viceroy is very much pleased to hear of the decision which has been arrived at by the non-official members of the Legislative Council and much appreciates their kindly feelings towards his late friend and colleague, Sir John Jenkins and he most willingly accedes to their desire that a bust or painting of him should be placed by them in the Council Chamber at Delhi. He seems disposed to think that a bust would be more suitable than a painting."

HUNTING TRAGEDY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 24.

Moubin Tappa, G. Limbu and L. Limbu, three sepoys of the Myitkyina district police went out shooting last Thursday. On arrival at Seton Road Station they separated. A few hours later G. Limbu returned home and told Tappa that he had fired and accidentally killed L. Limbu mistaking him for a bear. G. Limbu has been placed under departmental arrest pending further enquiries.

A BURMA REBELLION.

Outbreak Declared to be Dying Out.

LEADER ARRESTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 24.

After causing considerable excitement in the Henzada District, the Zalum outbreak has fizzled out and things are quiet again. Gamone Saya, the alleged leader of the gang, has been arrested by the Maubid police in Donabyu township and is being sent up to Henzada. Up to date the police have arrested forty-six men.

The police officers say that the whole of Mayokpa village was implicated in the rebellion and that several men from the neighbouring villages joined the gang, Many people in Zalum, it is said, were in sympathy with the rebels and were prepared to join as soon as Zalum was attacked. Had the attack come off on the night of the 17th, as was at first intended, many lives would have been lost as every man of the gang was armed with a good "dah" which was sharpened like a razor. It was only through the prompt action taken by the township officer, Mr. Maung Po Sine, that the outbreak was nipped in the bud.

Henzada District is in a very disturbed state at present, robberies, murders and dacoities being of almost daily occurrence. The District Superintendent has asked for a temporary increase of establishment as it is impossible to cope with the work with the present establishment. The abnormal wave of crime that is at present going on in this district is put down to the extraordinary weather prevalent this year. The rains appear to have stopped and if this weather continues the paddy crop will suffer and crime will increase.

A MAN-EATING TIGER.

Kills a Coolie and later is Shot at Maymyo.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 24.

The first death caused by a tiger recorded at Maymyo during the last ten years, is now reported here. Last Tuesday night, an Uriya coolie, living with a number of others in a hut nine miles from Maymyo, on the road to Mandalay, was dragged out by a man-eating tiger, which put its paws through a flimsy wall at the head of the platform on which the men were asleep. Death must have been immediate, for the coolie was seized by the throat and head.

Next day a police inspector, from Maymyo, came to the spot, and put up a machan and waited for the animal. The tiger put in its appearance at sunset, but although a number of shots were fired it went away unhurt. The next night the shikaris were more successful, and the animal was badly wounded. In the morning it was found in a dying condition. It had a serious wound on the head, which was in a putrid state, and is believed to have been inflicted by two officials from Maymyo, while they were out on a shoot near Zebingyi a few weeks back.

CHINESE TROOPS FROM TIBET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 24.

A Darjeeling correspondent states that batches of Chinese soldiers in the Chumbi Valley are expected to move forward into Sikkim this week. Extra supplies have had to be provided owing to their unexpected halt.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 24.

The Simla Committee appointed some time ago, to consider the question of the reorganization of the Military Finance Department, has begun its sittings. Its report is not likely to be presented for some time to come, as various matters of detail have to be considered.

STATION ORDERS.

(By Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., Commanding Troops Bombay.)

Ten days temporary leave is granted to Lieut.-Colonel C. C. Reilly, R. A. M. C. from the 29th September to 8th October inclusive.

2nd-Lieutenants L. R. M. Napier and L. F. Hussey-Macpherson, The Cameron Highlanders, have, on first appointment, been posted to the 2nd Battalion.

Captain J. R. C. Heathcote, The Cameron Highlanders, has been detailed for a tour of duty with the 3rd Reserve Battalion and has been ordered to proceed home and join the Battalion at Inverness about 20th December, 1912.

Captain R. F. Hawes, The Leicestershire Regiment, has been posted to the 2nd Battalion on absorption and has been warned to embark for India, about the 29th October 1912.

2nd-Lieut. C. S. C. Kennedy, The Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment, has been transferred from the 2nd to the 1st Battation of his Regiment.

Captain A. E. M. Head, 10th Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery has been transferred to the 67th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Lieut-Colonel H. G. Stainforth has been appointed to command the 4th Cavalry, in place of Brevet-Colonel W. C. Knight, D. S. O., A.-D.-C., vacated.

Major G. Watling, 2nd-in-Command, 13th Rajputs, has been transferred in the same capacity to the 4th Rajputs in place of Major H. Tweddell transferred to the 82nd Punjabis.

Major J. A. Stewart, 7th Rajputs, has been appointed 2nd-in-Command of the 13th Rajputs in place of Major Watling.

Major C. H. Neale, 3rd Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, has been appointed Commandant, Darjeeling Depot vice Major R. H. Hayes vacated.

Captain H. N. Young, Supply and Transport Corps, whose leave ex India expires on or about 7th October next, has been posted to the 6th (Poona) Division.

Lieut.-Col. E. G. Wright, 18th Infantry, has been appointed to officiate in command of the Aden Brigade, vice Lieut.-Colonel L. P. Carden, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lt-Colonel J. C. W. Erck has been permitted to reside out of India on vacating the command of the 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry on 26th October, 1912.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—Captain The Hon'ble D. P. Tollemache, 7th Hussars, for 18 days, out of India; Captain S. G. Bates, 7th Hussars, for 1 month and 14 days, in India; Lieutenant H. M. J. Alves, 10th Ammunition Column, R. F. A., for 1 month, in India; 2nd-Lieut. G. P. D. A G Tonks, 2nd Bn. Leicestershire Regiment for 6 months, out of India. 2nd-Lieut. C. S. MacNab. 2nd Bn. Cameron Highlanders for 1 month, in India; Major W. H. White, 1st Bn. Royal Irish Regiment, for 41 days, in India; Lt-Colonel R. R. Renton, 18th Infantry, from 8th September to 24th October 1912, in India, on urgent private affairs: Lieut. E. K. Squires, R. E., 23rd (Fortress) Company, 3rd Sappers and Miners; Lieut. R. E. Peebles, 82nd Battery, R. F. A., extension of leave to 14th October 1912, on Medical Certificate; and Major G. M. Molloy, 34th Poona Horse, for 8 months, ex India, on Medical Certificate.

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS

THE TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAY.

Australian Investments.

WITHDRAWAL OF CAPITAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

*MELBOURNE, SEPT. 9.

Mr. Thomas (Minister of External Affairs) in the House of Representatives at Melbourne, in moving the second reading of the Pine Creek to Katherine River Railway Bill, said South Australia started the transcontinental railway 40 years ago between Oodnadatta and Pine Creek, in the Northern Territory. There was a gap of 1,065 miles, and it was proposed to have a permanent survey, costing about £5,000, made of an extension from Pine Creek to the Katherine River, a distance of 56 miles, which would be necessary whatever was decided on eventually as to the further route. The Government were anxious that the survey should be completed as early as possible, and two parties would be put to work, so that when the next Parliament met a Bill could be introduced to construct the line. It would take some months, even with three survey parties, to make a permanent survey. It would be made on the 4ft. 8 1-2in. gauge. An estimate would, however, also be made of the cost of a 3ft. 6in. gauge. It would cost £17,000 to bridge the Katherine River, and about half a million to get to the River Groom—about £50,000 a mile. A committee, consisting of a railway engineer and a harbormaster who knew the country, would be appointed to report as to the best general railway policy in the Territory and give reasons. Whatever general policy was agreed to it was essential that a line should be made to the Katherine River. Mr. Groom said he regretted that the Government had not taken earlier action for the appointment of the committee, in view of the fact that they had decided to appoint such a committee months ago, They had been loitering and had lost a lot of valuable time. The burden was still increasing, and it was necessary that they should make the country reproductive as early as possible. The time required for the survey seemed long, and he hoped it would be expedited, so that they could have something before the House before it went into recess. He quoted General Edward's report to the effect that without railway connection Australia would be powerless against an enemy lodged at Darwin or in the north of Western Australia. Queensland had a railway within 150 miles of the best part of the Northern Territory, viz., the Barkly tableland, and Queensland must be considered. Mr. Poynton said he regretted that the Ministerial utterance indicated a policy of construction from north to south, for this was absolutely suicidal. It meant carrying every man and every piece of machinery a long sea voyage before starting. There was never a more insane proposition than to develop from the north and construct the railway southwards. This work, if done from the south, would cost at least a third less. South Australia had a vital interest in the question of the development of the Northern Territory. A survey of 60 miles in three years did not mean development. Why not carry on a general scheme of development? Mr. Poynton said the proposed survey was absurdly inadequate. There was already a survey of 327 miles on the southern end of the gap, with full particulars. The only development line would be a through line. No time should be wasted in getting to work. South Australia failed through making the same mistake. Mr. Gordon said this was an Australian question, not one affecting a single State. He was convinced that the work could best be done from the south. He had framed an amendment requiring the survey to be started from the south, but now found that the matter was decided. At the rate proposed it would take nine years to complete the survey of a line right through. The Government should ask Parliament this session to authorise the construction of a line several hundred miles northward from Oodpadatta on the survey already made. The transcontinental railways in the United States and Canada promoted settlement and paid the promoters. The safest course for the Government was to proceed at once with railway construction. Sir John Forrest suggested that the Government should take full advantage of the maps and knowledge of Mr. Brown, the late South Australian geologist, as regarded the Northern Territory. They should go boldly forward in the development of the Territory, and the Government should have sufficient knowledge and confidence to lead the House on the subject. The Minister should be congratulated on having an opportunity offered him of dealing with such a great question. The greater the burden and responsibility the greater the glory in dealing with it. The proposal was all right, as far as it went but he feared that it was trifling. They should begin on a comprehensive plan, and keep at it till it was finished. If they were going to open up the Territory properly they must build two lines right across the Continent from South Australia and from Queensland to Darwin.

MINISTER WILL NOT ACCEPT AMENDMENT.

Mr. Ryrie complained of the scantiness of the information given by the Minister. Although he was a strong believer in a uniform railway gauge, he thought it would have been better to propose a 3ft 6in gauge for this line, instead of 4ft 8 1-2in since he had been assured by one of Queensland's Railway Commissioners that it would cost that State 27 millions to convert their railway gauge to 4ft 8 1-2in., and that was an insuperable difficulty.

Mr Glynn said it would be foolish to construct earthworks that could not carry a broader line than 3ft. 6in. There should be a broader bolder policy in connection with the Territory South Australia's past efforts in this direction justified her expectations that the railway would be gone on with immediately. The financial obligation in connection with the Territory at the time of transfer was only £3,200,000 or less than the £3,400,000 spent by the Commonwealth in a futile attempt to help the sugar industry. South Australia had spent £600,000 on the telegraph line, and since the imposition of a uniform tariff had lost £20,000 yearly on Northern Territory Customs duties. Large amounts were also lost by South Australia through leakage at the border, and she lost £15,000 yearly for some years through the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company diverting its business. He did not object to that policy, but still the loss existed. What should be done was to proceed at once with construction from the south. They had a survey of a line to the McDonnell Ranges, which, if proceeded with, would enable a connection to be made with comparative ease with the Queensland railway system. To connect the Cloncurry with the Pine Creek line would mean the construction of 600 miles of railway, and that would not be a transcontinental line He favored the connection of Oodnadatta with the Western Australian line on a 4ft. 8 1-2 in. gauge. He referred to reports in favor of a direct line from Lord Kitchener and others.

Mr. Hedges said he objected to silly interruptions by Ministers who were ignorant of a subject with which he had a life-long acquaintance. He condemned the day labor system on railways as the worst and most expensive possible. Even Mr. Chinn had written to Western Australian papers week after week of Australian day labor. The worst work ever done in Australia had been done by Government day labor. The Chairman refused to accept an amendment, substituting Oodnadatta as the starting point for Pine Creek.

The Minister of External Affairs (Mr. Thomas) said the Government policy was not to neglect the development of the southern part of the Territory, because they were devoting time and energy to developing the northern part first. He could not accept any amendment to make Oodnadatta the starting point. He understood, however, if the Bill were passed to bring the question of extension from Oodnadatta before the Cabinet.

COMPULSORY TRAINING.

At the unveiling of a portrait of the King presented to the Brisbane United Service Institute by his Majesty the Governor (Sir William Macgregor) remarked that much had been said about Australia's compulsory service system. He regretted that the people of Great Britain had not followed suit in this respect. It appeared to him that the reluctance of the people in the old land to deal with this matter depended on the imperfect and snatchy way in which history was taught to the young people there. Many thought that to submit themselves to military discipline was a gross interference with the freedom of the subject, but he would remind them that from time immemorial they had compulsory service. In some form or other there had always been compulsory service, and there had always been something required to keep people up to the mark. He regretted that they had not got men of sufficient backbone to insist on compulsory service in Great Britain, for they should remember that such service was an historic institution, both in Scotland and England, which had its origin in the dim past. They should beware of the danger which such neglect might bring on them. Nothing would please him better than to see some start made in the United Kingdom in the direction of compulsory training. It would set up their young men, teach them regular habits, wean them from excesses, and help generally to benefit and build up the nation.

THE CANADIAN CADETS.

The Canadian Cadets, who are touring Australia, arrived in Adelaide last Saturday by the Melbourne express, and were heartily welcomed by a large number of citizens. Major W. De Passey represented the military headquarters staff and other officers were present in uniform and in mufti. A guard of honor, composed of about 90 Senior Cadets from the Adelaide High School and Christian Bros.' College, under the command of Lieutenant A. Pitt, was formed on the station platform. When the Canadians had disentrained they were warmly cheered. The visitors responded with a salute, and the station enclosure resounded with the music of their fine brass band. A number of ladies presented each Canadian cadet with a spray of the Australian national flower, and the visitors proudly inserted the wattle is their caps or costs. Attached to each spray was a piece of ribbon in the Canadian colors and a small card bearing an inscription which reminded the recipients that Saturday was Wattle Day. This happy idea was conceived by Messrs. Clutterbuck Bros. who arranged the matter for the purpose of showing the young Canadians that Australians appreciate the ties of kinship and the commercial relations existing between the two countries. The Adelaide cadets also wore wattle in their buttonholes. The Canadians, who are a tall and manly looking body of youths, proceeded to Western Australia the same day, but they will return to this State for an extended visit in October.

THE COMMONWEALTH BANK.

The Governor of the Commonwealth Bank (Mr. Denison Miller) has returned to Melbourne from Queensland, where the savings department of the bank will be opened in the post offices on September 16. On Thursday he will go to Adelaide, and after establishing headquarters he will pass on to Perth. Then Tasmania will be visited. Speaking of his intentions, Mr. Miller said that the savings business in New South Wales, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania would be begun on the first day of the new business year, and general banking throughout the Commonwealth shortly after. His organisation work would be completed for the whole of Australia, he hoped, in six weeks. He was pleased with the amount of business that had been done in Victoria in the savings department. In New South Wales and Queensland he had found business men, who had been shy of the idea of a Commonwealth Bank with their opinions on the matter changed, and their remarks had been encouraging to him. The premises he had bought in Brisbane, adjacent to the General Post Office, were, in his opinion, on the best site in that capital. He had been compelled to buy as the price for leased premises was too high. He was negotiating for the establishment of a branch of the bank in London, and he hoped to open it at the time when he commenced general banking in Australia.

AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL.

When proposing the toast of the Association at the annual dinner of the Melbourne, September 5 Master Masons' Association the president of the Employers' Federation (Mr. R. O. Blackwood) said that capital was fast leaving Australia and a marked lack of confidence as making itself felt in the community. Through two agents he had learned of over £2,000,000 which had either been taken away or was in process of removal. He was informed of still another similar case, in which £400,000 had recently been drawn out and sent away from Australia in one month. Most of this money had been lent out on the security of land. The reasons for this tendency to withdraw money and unwillingness to lend could be attributed to burdensome legislation, the extravagance of the Governments of the people, and the extreme demands which were being made by the more socialistic of the union leaders. It should not be forgotten at this time that the financial disasters of 1893 were brought about by people becoming scared and withdrawing their money from the banks. Panic was catching, and if the withdrawal of capital from Australia, to which he had referred, continued much longer, it was not at all certain that the community would not find itself once again in as tight a corner as in 1893. The position was growing more and more critical, and it deserved the attention of all thinking people.

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[*By Telegraph to Perth W. A.]

MR. HALLEY, Chief Commissioner-elect of the Delhi Province, has arrived at Delhi from Simla. It is understood that his salary will be the same as that of a Commissioner of a division, in other words, about Rs. 3,000 per month.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL

WORK AND WAGES.

Labour Leader's Ideas.

The following news, later than the mail appears in the Australian papers :—

London, Sept. 7.

Addressing the economic section of the British Association at Dundee yesterday, Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M.P., Leader of the Labour Party, said that a minimum wage should not be fixed all round to apply to every trade and district. The rates should be made by the consent of the employers and the workers, and should bear a scientific relation to the existing conditions of production and consumption. Men should not demand wages that would paralyse existing society. The Australian experience showed that so long as the people who controlled commodities could raise prices increased wages would be of little value. He advised the unions to abstain from compulsory arbitration, and he said he believed that the imposition of fines was the only method of enforcing awards. It would be impossible to get fines from unorganised labour.

Dr. Barrett, of Melbourne, declared that the industrial legislation in force in Australia did not prevent strikes. He urged the members of the Association to go to Australia in 1914, in order to find enlightenment for the settling of social difficulties.

EGYPTIAN SEDITION.

Cairo, Sept. 7.

Tanta (60 miles from Cairo) has been placarded with posters signed "The Black Hand Society," urging the people to rebel and to exact revenge for the arrest of Sheik Shawis, editor of the "Halali Osmani," in connection with the seditious movement.

The Egyptian Government is negotiating with Switzerland for the extradition of Mohammed Fered, who is accused of having delivered seditious speeches. Eight more persons have been arrested for displaying seditious posters.

MEXICAN REVOLT.

Washington, Sept. 7.

The political freinds of President Taft admit that American intervention in the Mexican revolt is approaching. Nevertheless, they state Mr. Taft hesitates to precipitate a crisis, although he feels that something imperative must be done to stop the skirmishes against American troops, the violation of the frontier, and the generally disorganised state of the country. Two additional regiments of cavalry have been despatched to the frontier.

INDIAN RAIDS IN ARIZONA.

New York, Sept. 9.

A report from Tuscan, in Arizona, states that the Caqui Indians have taken to the warpath. On Saturday 100 of them raided the village of Realito and carried off a village official. They next attacked Colonia, and killed two men, a woman, and a child, in addition to wounding another woman.

A federal officer and 12 soldiers went to the assistance of the townspeople, but they were unable to fire effectively, as the inhabitants of Colonia were between them and the Indians. The latter fired briskly and killed five soldiers, as well as wounding six more.

The Indians ultimately retired, leaving one of their dead behind them.

It is reported that 400 Mexican rebels were encamped within sight of Colonia during the Indian attack.

A GERMAN OUTBURST.

Berlin, Sept. 8.

Addressing the Pan-German League at Erfurt yesterday, and referring to the strategical situation in the Mediterranean, Admiral Breusing, a well-known retired officer and writer on political and naval questions, stated that the Mediterranean was Germany's first source of food supplies, and in consequence a land attack upon Egypt must be undertaken. This, however, was only possible by closely co-operating with Austria and Italy.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

London, Sept. 7.

Discussing the question of wireless telegraphy at the meeting of the British Association at Dundee yesterday, Captain Sankey, of the Marconi Company, announced that an effective automatic recorder had been invented.

Professor Fleming said he believed that in time it would be possible to communicate directly between England and New Zealand by wireless telegraphy.

BRITISH DEVELOPMENT.

London, Sept. 8.

The Development Commissioners have decided to expend before 1916, £2,000,000 on agricultural and fisheries research, live stock improvement, afforestation, and the cultivation of tobacco, flax, and hemp.

IN BRIEF.

London, Sept. 8.

The estate of the late Thomas Charles Williams, bookmaker, of Church Stretton, in Shropshire, has been valued for probate purposes at £163,814.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.

On the railway line between Moscow and St. Petersburg yesterday, two trains conveying several Grand Dukes and a member of the Cabinet, narrowly escaped a collision. The diversion of one of the trains into a siding saved a catastrophe. The engine and carriages of the diverted train sustained damage by being derailed before they could be brought to a standstill.

London, Sept. 8.

The ironfounders at Cardiff have struck for a reduction of the working week by six hours, and for an increase of 3s. per week in their wages.

London, Sept. 8.

The Stewart and Lloyd Phœnix tube works at Glasgow, have been temporarily closed owing to sectional strikes among the unskilled workers. Two thousand men have been rendered idle by the lock-out.

London, Sept. 7.

George William Wake, director of the Priory Exchange Motor Garage at Birmingham, has been arrested on a charge of having induced his manager, Wilkinson, to set fire to the garage in order to secure the £4,000, for which the premises were insured. Wilkinson turned King's evidence.

New York, Sept. 7.

Burglars entered a hat store on Lower Broadway last Thursday night, and removed 6,000 hats valued at £5,000.

London, Sept. 8.

The Admiralty has placed in Scotland an order for 200,000 tons of oil fuel.

Paris, Sept, 8.

At Arles yesterday, a motor-car collided with a tram, with the result that the wife and another relative of Professor Joubert, of Marseilles, were killed, while three other persons were seriously injured.

London, Sept. 9.

Molten slag, being tipped in the darkness of Saturday night at the Dowlais ironworks, in Wales, engulfed three workmen. The latter, who were shockingly injured, succumbed.

A HINDU RUNS AMOK.

One Killed, Four Injured.

Last evening Peter Daniel, a Hindu convert, ran amok on Frere Road, at the corner of Karwar lane. It seems, while returning from work in company with other ship labourers, he had a row with his companions and he suddenly lost his head. He pulled out a clasp knife and stabbed a man sitting on the footpath. He continued his mad career and stabbed four more persons including two police men, one Hindu woman, and one Mahomedan. The man first injured having been stabbed in the heart died on the way to the hospital and the message to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to take down his dying declaration was cancelled.

The other four persons are lying in the hospital. The man was subsequently arrested opposite Bori Bunder, and was kept at the Bazar Gate police chokey.

Mr. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, was immediately informed of the incident and his Deputies, Mr. Gadney and Mr Harker, were investigating into the matter until the small hours of the morning.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Claim to Establish Relationship Fails.

Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of a suit filed by Sulleman Mahomed Ghorwada, in "forma pauperis," in which he sought to recover from Aisnabai, widow of Ahmed Sulleman, and her daughter a portion of the estate left by Ahmed Sulleman as a heir under the Mahomedan Law.

The plaintiff stated that one Ahmed Sulleman died at Mangrol in Kathiawar in June 1911, leaving him surviving his widow and daughter, and the petitioner, a cousin of the deceased. The petitioner stated that under the Mahomedan law he was entitled to a share in the movable and immovable property left by the deceased and prayed that the share might be as certained and declared, and that a receiver might be appointed pending the disposal of the suit.

The defendants in their written statement denied that the petitioner was in any way related to them and stated that he had no claim of any sort on the property of the deceased Ahmed Sulleman. The deceased had disposed of his property by a will, by which he had left the property to the defendants during their life-time and after their death to the children of the second defendant. That the suit was a vexatious one, and brought with the object of extorting money from the defendants.

Mr. Justice Heaton, in delivering judgment, said, the plaintiff claimed a share in the property of the late Ahmed Sulleman under Mahomedan Law as one of the distant kindred. The widow and daughter deny that the plaintiff was in any way related to the deceased. There was no documentary evidence in the case which went to establish the relationship. There were no unquestioned traditions or undoubted facts, which in cases of this kind sometimes occurred to support the claim to relationship. The plaintiff eventually tried to make out that he had been brought up by the deceased, and that the deceased, had paid all his marriage expenses. Taking everything that could be said on plaintiff's belief, and remembering that different families came from the same place, that they bore the same surname and they believed that they were related through some common ancestor, the Court found it impossible to feel satisfied that the plaintiff's presentation of the case was accurate, or that there was relationship between him and the deceased so near as to entitle him to any share in the property left by the deceased. The Court was however satisfied that the plaintiff's case was absolutely free from any taint of conscious untruth or fraud. The Court was satisfied that no relationship had been made out, and accordingly dismissed the suit with costs.

A COMMISSION AGENT'S CLAIM.

Mr. Justice Davar, delivered judgment in a suit filed by Sobhagchand Vasanji against Dada Aboo and his two brothers, Dawood and Karun.

Mr. J. B. Kanga, with Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, instructed by Messrs Gulabchand, Edgelow and Wadia appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. D. W. Bahadurji, with Mr. H. S. Captain, instructed by Messrs Captain and Vaidya, appeared for the second and third defendants. The first defendant appeared in person.

The plaintiff's alleged that in August 1907, the defendants were carrying on business in partnership with each other at Bantwa, Amraoti, Bombay and elsewhere. The business at Bantwa, Amraoti and Bombay was carried on in the name of the first defendant. The defendants appointed the plaintiff as their commission agent in Bombay. In the course of their business the plaintiff honoured hundis drawn by the defendants, despatched goods under their instructions, and advanced moneys to them in connection with their business transactions. A sum of Rs. 29,353 was now due to the plaintiff from the defendants.

The first defendant made no defence, but urged that the plaintiff should accept a composition at the rate of five annas in the rupee. The plaintiff refused to accept the composition.

The Court dismissed the plaintiff's suit as against the second defendant, Dawood, and the third defendant, Karim. A decree against the first defendant was passed for a sum of Rs. 29,358-3-0, with further interest on Rs. 28,391 at nine per cent from the 18th of March 1908, up to date, with interest on judgment at the six per cent till date of payment.

With regard to costs the second and third defendant were ordered to pay the costs of the 16th of August 1912. The other costs to be paid by the first defendant, and to be taxed on the basis that the suit was heard only for one day.

SHORT CAUSES.

Yesterday in the High Court, Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the following short causes among others.

The suit brought by Sir Jamsetji Jijibhai, and others as executors of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia, C. I. E. in which they claimed to recover a sum of Rs. 56,433 from Sorabji B. Colah, was disposed by a consent decree, settled between the parties.

Mr. Ardeshir P. Mehta instructed by Messrs Wadia, Ghandi and Co, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. R. G. Wadia, instructed by Messrs Nanu Hormusji and Co, appeared for the defendants.

The terms of the consent decree were that the mortgaged bungalow was to be fore closed, and possession of it given to the defendants. A new case was to be prepared in the name of the plaintiffs. The defendant was allowed to occupy a portion of the house.

THE POLICE COURTS.

CHARGE AGAINST NAVAB.

Rao Bahadhur C. H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, resumed the hearing of the case in which Inspector Taki, C. I. D., charged Navab Mir Abdul Rasul Khan, Nawab of Bella Narandas Soonderji, his private secretary and Maneckshah Dhunjibhoy Toddywalla with cheating several merchants in Bombay to the extent of Rs. 15,000.

Mr. Harker, Deputy Commissioner of Police, C.I.D., and Superintendent Sullivan prosecuted.

The first accused, Nawab Mir, Abdul Rasul Khan, in the course of his statements stated he was one of the descendants of the late Nawab of Surat; his mother Ziaulnissa Ladli Bogum Saheb, was a recipient of a large pension from the British Government, and his whole family lived in, Surat, in what was called the Nawab's, palace consisting of four separate bungalows in the same compound. Two of these were used as guest-houses. He also belonged to the family of the Nawabs of Bella, being the Saranjamdar of the Saranjami of the village of Bella now in the record of the Government. He did not know the second accused before February last. About the end of February he was introduced to him by one Dayabhai as a merchant and a cousin of the present sheriff of Bombay. He told him that he had come to Surat to take contracts to supply provisions, etc., to the jail and other large institutions, and had some servants with him. He hired a house at some distance from the palace and lived there with his servants. Soon afterwards the second accused made enquiries about the rates at which provisions, etc., were supplied to his family by their bazar supplier and told him that his family was swindled and charged much higher prices than those obtaining in the market, and said he could supply the same provisions at a much cheaper rate. He then gave him an order for hay which he executed at much cheaper rates than those charged by the Modi." The second accused then told him that if he had a good manager all these provisions, etc., could be bought at a much cheaper rate, and there would be a saving of at least Rs. 500 or Rs. 600 a month. He also told him that he was very influential and would be able to help him to get back his jaghir of Bella from Government. In consequence of these communications he was induced to engage him as his secretary, particularly as he wanted a man at the time, as a large amount of purchases had to be made for his son's wedding, and guests from the bride's family had to be attended to. His son's marriage was fixed to come off in the month of June, and it was necessary to make preparations and purchases befitting the occasion.

On the occasion of the marriage, according to their custom, considerable presents both in money and articles had to be made and were received. Mahmudinissa Begum, his niece, who was also his daughter-in-law, whose estate was being managed by the Collector of Surat during her minority, had attained her majority, and the Collector had, in or about the month of March 1912 communicated his intention to hand over to her estate which consisted of the valuable securities, cash and immovable properties of the value of about Rs. 2,00,000. The securities and cash was estimated to be of the value of over Rs. 60,000. His niece has promised to put him in funds, to enable him to make purchases for his son's wedding of horses, carriages, jewellery, etc., befitting the position and prestige of the family, out of the moneys she would receive from the Collector of Surat, and to defray the expenses of the wedding. He said that he did not promise to pay cash in Bombay to Pestonji Press before delivery of the carriages. The payment was to be made in the ordinary course, after delivery of the carriages. So also, the price of the furniture and harness was to be paid after delivery. His niece came of age on the 10th of April, and when he made the purchases he intended to pay the price thereof out of the moneys which his niece had promised to give him aforesaid. He expected and believed that she would get the money soon after the 10th, and he would be able to pay off the men within a short time thereafter. As however, his niece did not receive her money from the Collector during the next few days, as expected he gave Mr. Press and Hari Bhana post-dated cheques as he fully believed he would receive the money from his niece in good time to meet these cheques when they became payable. The Collector, however, could not deliver the properties, cash and securities to his niece till the 25th of May 1912. This was entirely due to unforeseen and fortituous circumstances. But for this the same would have been delivered to his niece as stated above in or about April 1912. The accused continued :—" About the dates the cheques became due I was not in Surat. My family and I have known the third accused and his family for a number of years, and they have often come to Surat and lived in our palace as our guests. At the time the second accused came to Surat with his servant the third accused was staying with us as our guest in one of our guest houses. I did not know the antecedents and past history of No. 2. I submit that but for the rumours concerning his antecedents reaching the various complainants, who became suspicious and hasty in consequence, this prosecution would not have been started. I say I never intended to cheat any of the complainants. I say that under these circumstances I have not committed any offence and pray that I may be acquitted.

The second accused said he did not knows anything about the financial circumstances of the Navab. He only knew that his son's wedding was approaching.

The third accused said that he was employed at the Jafferalli Mill at Surat, when he formed the acquaintance of the Navab. He came with the Navab to Bombay to make the purchases but took no active part in the transactions.

The hearing was adjourned

CHEATING EXTRAORDINARY.

Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court, before the Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Power charged one Motilal Sarupchand with cheating Motilal Chunilal in respect of 35 tolas of gold valued at Rs. 815. It appeared from the evidence of the complaint that on 17th of August last accused went to the shop of complainant with a goldsmith Dana Rana and bought 35 tolas of gold and when asked to pay the price he offered to give a cheque, which the complainant declined to accept. The accused thereupon said that he would send the money from his office, at Kalbadevi, and he gave the gold to the goldsmith. As the money was not sent the complainant was making an enquiry when the goldsmith came and informed him that the accused had taken away the gold from him saying that he wanted to get it tested. The complainant made enquiries and found that the accused had no office at Kalbadevi. Ultimately the accused was arrested in a temple. The accused said he had given the gold to the goldsmith but the latter having denied this the accused was handed over to the police. On making further enquiries the police recovered gold from a Marwari, with whom it had been pledged by the accused for Rs. 700, immediately after he got it from the complainant. Rs. 400, out of Rs. 700, were found on the person of the accused. On evidence it was also proved that the accused's account in the Bank, on which he offered to give the cheque, had been closed long ago and he had not a pie in the Bank.

The accused's defence was that he had purchased the gold on credit and it was to be paid for after one month.

His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to 14 months' rigorous imprisonment. The gold was ordered be returned to the complainant and Rs. 400 to the Marwari.

Inspector Spiers charged the same accused before the same Magistrate with criminal breach of trust in respect of two diamonds worth Rs. 600 belonging to one Gordbandas Cnunilal, from whom he had received the diamonds on approval and subsequently sold them for a less price to the Marwari with whom he had pledged the gold and misappropriated the proceeds. In this case also the accused said that he had bought the gems on credit. His Worship convicted and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment. One of the diamonds recovered was ordered to be returned to the complainant.

POSTAL CLERK CONVICTED.

Anant Martoba Mankikar, a clerk in the Value Payable Department in the Byculla Post Office, was charged before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, by Deputy Inspector Histed, with fraudulently using a Government stamp knowing it to have been used before, intending thereby to cause loss to the Government. Mr. G. R. Desai and Mr. Athavle, pleaders, defended the accused.

It appears from the evidence that Mr. C. Probyn Smith, Superintendent of Post Offices, Bombay City, instructed the First Assistant Postmaster in the G. P. O. in Charge of the Inland Parcel Department to keep a watch on parcels received in the General Post Office from the Byculla Post Office. On examination of parcels at the Inland Parcel Department Mr. Probyn Smith found that a registered parcel for Baghdad bore two one anna stamps and one four annas stamp and it also had a used one-rupee stamp. It was also found that a stamp had been removed from the parcels and Mr. Probyn Smith discovered similiar removal of stamps on other parcels. Mr. Probyn Smith, accompanied by police officers, went to the Byculla Post Office and there a used six-anna stamp was found in the accused's possession, which he was trying to hide.

His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to suffer two months' simple imprisonment.

GENERAL BOOTH MEMORIAL.

It is not generally known in Bombay, that Mr Ratan Tata was the first gentleman to suggest a World Memorial to General Booth. He sent a message to London, on August, the 23rd, as follows:—"In wiew of the death of General Booth, I venture to suggest opening subscription list for World Memorial, in which all countries benefited by deneral's work should be asked to participate. The funds to be utilised for cousolidating and ensuring works permanancy. Subscriptions of each country to be used within itself will subscribe six-thousand guineas." Needless to say Mr. Tata's suggestion has been taken up with enthusiasm at the head-quarters of the Salvation Army in London, and Mr. Tata is now in communication with the principal officers upon the form which the memorial should take, we hope to be able to announce further details at an early date.

BHOWNAGAR.

(FROM OUR CORRSPONDNT.)

BHOWNAGAR, SEPT. 23.

It is gratifying to learn that the long standing dispute between Dhragandra and Sayala over the village of Chitroli has been ended after 79 years through the instrumentality of Major Wood and the Dewansaheb of Dragandhra.

Thakore Saheb of Limbdi arrived from England yesterday when he was enthusiastically received by the people at Limbdi station which was artistically decorated. A band was present and Sowari was held

The Bhatia Mitra Mandal, Bombay, has sent an address to the Government of India expressing thanks for the Indian Companies Bill.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Agenda for To-morrow's Meeting.

LONG LIST OF BILLS.

The following is a list of business to be brought forward at a meeting of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, to be held in the Council Hall, Poona, on Thursday, 26th September :—

New Additional Members will make the oath or solemn affirmation and take their seats.

Questions asked by Honourable Members and the answers thereto.

BILLS.

A Bill for the Registration of Charities—Second Reading.

A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898—Second Reading.

A Bill further to amend the Bombay Tramways Act, 1874—First Reading.

A Bill to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908—First Reading.

Motions of which notice has been given:—

By the Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar. Amendments in Bill No. II of 1911, (a Bill for the Registration of Charities), namely: including to add after sub-clause (2) of the said clause, the following sub-clause, namely:—

"(3) The Magistrate in giving judgment may specify a period within which compliance under section 6 shall be made and in the event of non-compliance within the specified period, the Magistrate shall send a certified copy of the judgment to the Registrar who shall then act upon it as if it were an application for registration under section 6, and the trustee so fined shall be liable to the provisions of section 7."

To add after the said clause, the following clauses, namely :

"17. (1) Whenever a trustee is to be prosecuted under section 13, he shall be given three months' notice by the Registrar of the intended prosecution, and if the person to whom the notice is so given files in the District Court a civil suit, for a declaration that the trust is not of the kind specified in the Act, or that, he is not liable to be called upon under section 7, to render accounts, the proceedings before the Magistrate shall be stayed.

(2) Such suits will be entertained without notice, under section 80 of the Civil Procedure Code, or a Conciliator's Certificate or a Certificate under the Pensions Act, or without any other initiary formality.

(3) Subject to the result of such suit, the Magistrate's judgment, if not appealed against, or the Sessions Court's Appellate judgment shall be final.

By the Honourable Sardar Syed Ali El Edroos. Amendment in Bill No. II of 1911, (a Bill for the Registration of Charities).

By the Honourable Mr. Manmohandas Ramji. Amendments in Bill No. II of 1911, (a Bill for the Registration of Charities).

By the Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar. Amendments in Bill No. X of 1912 (a Bill to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908):—

By the Honourable Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C. I. E. The following amedments in Bill No. VII of 1912, (a Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898).

Clause 3—

To substitute for clause 3, the following clause, namely:—

For section 16 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

'16 (1) The Chairman shall receive such monthly salary as Government shall from time to time determine, provided that such salary shall not exceed Rs.3,000, and shall not be less than 2,000. He shall, except within the period aforesaid hold no other salaried office and save in so far as he may be otherwise permitted by Government, shall devote his whole time and attention to his duties under the Act.

(2) For the purpose of this section and of section 22, 'salary' shall be deemed to be inclusive of any allowance to which the officer appointed may be entitled or any contribution which he may be liable to pay.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (2) of this section shall not apply to Mr. J. P. Orr, C.S.I., I.C.S., during the term of his office as Chairman of the Board'."

Clause 4—

To substitute for clause 4, the following clause, namely:—

"4. For sub-section (2) of section 22 of the said Act, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

'(2) The allowance (if any) to be paid to the Chairman shall be for such period of leave as he may have earned in the service of the Board and shall be of such amount not exceeding the amount of the salary of the Chairman as shall be fixed by Government provided that if the Chairman is a Government officer, the amount of the allowance shall be such as he may be entitled to under the Civil Service Regulations.'"

Clause 9—

In clause 9 for new section 27-A to substitute the following section, namely :—

"27-A. If any land is included in any statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired made in accordance with any notification drawn up under section 27, and if the owners of such land shall prove to the satisfaction of the Collector that at the date of such notification building operations were in progress on the said land or on any part thereof, the Collector may after giving notice to the Board proceed forthwith with the acquisition of the said land or the said part thereof with a view to its transference to the Board.

Provided that in the event of the Collector deciding not to proceed with the acquisition of the land in question, the owner of the said land will be at liberty to complete the building in accordance with the plans previously sanctioned by the Commissioner, and the disability provided in section 49 of the Act shall not apply."

Clause 28—

In clause 28, to add the following proviso to section 72, namely:—

"Provided that no part of any arrears of General Tax for 1910-1911, and previous years shall be taken into account in determining the amount of contribution payable by the Commissioner to the Board."

Clause 33—

In clause 33 to delete from the new section 39-A, the following words, namely :—"in the Bank of Bombay, or"

The Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar will move for leave to introduce a Bill further to amend the Bombay Village Police Act, 1867.

DISCUSSION OF MATTERS OF GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar.—

1. That this Council recommends that Government may be pleased to reconsider the arrangement whereunder only 1,55,000 rupees come annually to be allotted to District Local Boards as compensation in lieu of one anna cess in every rupee of the Excise Revenue.

2. This Council recommends that Government may be pleased to take steps to enable a Conference being at least annually held of the Municipalities and the District Local Boards respectively.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Siddhanath Dhonddev Garud.—

3. That this Council recommends that the Government of India be requested to revise the fixed contribution to the District Local Boards in lieu of the one anna in the rupee Abkari Cess and to permit a payment of their dues from the Abkari Revenues.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Dattatraya Venkatesh Belvi.—

4. That this Council respectfully recommends the establishment of a model Government Arts College at Dharwar at an early date.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Siddhanath Dhonddev Garud.—

5. That this Council recommends that the Model Farm be retained at Dhulia and not moved to another place.

Resolution by the Honourable Rao Bahadur Shriniwas Konher Rodda.—

6 That the Governor in Council may be pleased to arrange for the establishment of an Arts College at Dharwar.

PAPERS TO BE PRESENTED TO THE COUNCIL.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 2,400, dated the 9th August, 1912. Returning, with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon, the authentic copy of the Law to amend the Bombay Medical Act, 1912.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 2,500 dated the 19th August 1912.—Returning, with the assent of His, Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General signified thereon, the authentic copies of (1) the Law further to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901; and (2) the Law further to amend the Bombay Land-Revenue Code, 1879.

Further Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. II of 1911 (A Bill for the Registration of Charities).

Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. VII of 1912 (A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898).

Letter from the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 2604, dated the 30th August 1912.—Returning, with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon, the authentic copy of the Law further to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878.

Letter from Rayaji Dattatraya Pai of Malwan in the Ratnagiri District, dated the 23rd August, 1912, regarding the Bill to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

Petition from Rajaram V. Kulkarni of Malwan in the Ratnagiri District, dated the 27th August, 1912, regarding the Bill to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

Petition from the members of the Bar of the Sub-Judge's Court of Vita in Khanapur Taluka of the Satara District, dated the 2nd September, 1912, regarding the Bill to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

THE WEATHER.

General Rain in the South.

INTERESTING FORECAST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 24.

The disturbance in the Bay is now just off the coast between Waltair and Cocanada. It will pass into the interior of the Peninsula to-day.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Mysore, Madras, the Deccan, the North Madras, Coast; fairly general in Orissa and local in Lower Burma.

Principal amounts:—Hanumkonda, Cocanada and Waltair, two inches; Calingapatam, four; Gopalpur and Toungoo, each one inch and a half; and Tavoy, four.

Forecast:—An extension of rain in Hyderabad and the Central Provinces except the north-east.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 24th Sept. giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual in the north and the south-west Punjab. Day temperature is in slight excess in the extreme north; night temperature is in defect over the whole division.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally in defeat. Maximum temperature is in slight excess at Agra and Jhansi; the minimum is in defect over the whole division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in south Rajputana and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual and day temperature is in excess in Rajputana. Night temperature is in defect at Kotah and Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear at Indore and in Gujarat, and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess in Gujarat and at Indore and Bhavnagar Para; the minimum is in defect at Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded in the northern half of the division and lightly to moderately clouded in the southern half. The air is drier than usual except in the extreme eastern district. Day temperature is generally in slight excess; the minimum is in slight defect at some stations

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded in the northern half of the division and lightly to moderately clouded in the southern half. The air is drier than usual. Day temperature is an excess except at Belgaum and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—These has again been a decrease in the area of rainfall. Masulipatam, Cuddapah, Bangalore, Cochin and Colombo are the only stations reporting rainfall of importance to-day.

Local rain is likely in the Madras Deccan, south Hyderabrd and on the north Madras Coast, and some showers in the south Bombay Deccan and on the west coast of the Peninsula. Isolated light showers are possible in the south-east Central Provinces.

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Westeren India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (23rd)	91·3	78·0	...	0·00
Jask	97·3	77·8	...	00·0
Muskat (23rd)	96·8	77·6	...	0.26
Multan	103·8	71·5	...	4·50
Rawalpindi	97·4	59·9	...	13·99
Lahore	100·4	63·2	...	10·29
Sirsa	...	...	...	...
Ambala	95·5	66·9	...	25·75
Delhi	95·0	68·8	...	27·71
Agra	93·0	70·5	...	21·64
Mainpuri	94·8	68·8	...	29·01
Jhansi	96·5	67·5	...	27·37
Cawnpore	93·7	67·4	...	26·91
Allahabad	95·1	72·0	...	25·52
Jacobabad	104·1	63·8	...	1·09
Karachi	86·0	73·0	...	8·17
Ajmer	95·6	71·2	...	12·77
Jaipur	98·7	68·6	...	27·99
Kotah	97·6	71·6	...	23·58
Bhuj	96·0	74·5	...	20·08
Dwarka	85·8	78·7	...	22·71
Veraval	86·1	76·8	...	27·66
Rajkot	94·1	73·8	...	31·49
Bhavnagar Para	98·0	74·5	...	39·00
Surat	97·9	75·1	...	52·70
Ahmedabad	90·6	74·2	...	38·21
Deesa	97·3	62·4	...	21·35
Neemuch	89·9	71·0	...	22·61
Indore	93·6	68·1	...	25·19
Jubbulpore	90·3	66·3	...	38·33
Saugor	92·3	68·6	...	28·88
Hoshangabad	94·1	67·4	...	32·79
Khandwa	98·2	67·1	...	13·88
Akola	99·2	67·5	...	17·38
Amraoti	95·3	71·8	...	18·40
Nagpur	94·6	74·3	...	42·53
Chanda	91·0	74·0	...	45·70
Raipur	90·7	75·6	...	42·43
BOMBAY	87·5	78·8	...	49·35
Ratnagiri	84·8	77·4	...	85·94
Mormugao	83·0	77·2	...	88·45
Karwar	82·2	76·5	...	95·19
Malegaon	98·4	72·1	...	10.97
Ahmednagar	96·1	69·0	...	6·79
Poona	89·5	71·3	...	13·21
Sholapur	95·3	69·7	...	9·55
Bijapur	91·2	70·3	...	7·05
Belgaum	82·3	66·0	...	63·41
Aurangabad	94·9	67·7	...	14·45
Nizamabad (Indur)	91·4	?	0·02	30·14
Hyderabad	87·3	72·2	0·05	19·55
Mangalore	82·3	73·3	0·03	122·65
Calicut	88·8	73·1	0·05	109·33
Cochin	86·7	73·7	0·15	90·49
Colombo	88·5	76·0	0·20	27·70
Masulipatam	83·3	73·2	0.70	28·85
Bellary	86·0	72·3	0·69	11·56
Cuddapah	88·2	71·9	0·42	12·44
Madras	91·5	76·0	0·03	10·65
Bangalore	77·8	65·3	0·51	24·20
Coimbatore	86·9	69·3	...	8·01
Trichinopoly	93·6	76·3	...	8·67
Negapatam	93·2	76·2	...	5·48

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 24th September, was 29·842 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 12 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

SPORTING NEWS

FOOTBALL IN BOMBY.

The Rovers' Tournament.

ROYAL IRISH "A" (3): HORNETS (0):

The "A" team of the Royal Irish Regiment met the Hornets on the Cooperage yesterday evening in the first round of the Rovers Cup tournament and won by three goals to love after a very interesting game.

The Hornets started, and after some play in midfield the ball was taken up by the left wing of the Royal Irish, but pressure was relieved by Bradbury. The game was for a long time even, but the Hornets rarely did little in the way of close attack, although Hildreth made some good runs sending in occasional fine centres. Ashton of the Hornets also made a fine run up and after passing the Royal Irish backs, who mis-kicked, had only the goalkeeper to beat, but he kicked over. In defence the local team showed up well and at half-time there was no score.

Starting the second half the Irish attacked and soon opened their score account from a hard shot from Slater. This goal was soon afterwards followed by another, also from Slater. The Hornets then began an attack and Hildreth and MacDermott, after some pretty passing, took the ball up to the goal mouth, but Wise saved in good time. Hildreth then brought the ball up and passed to Ashton, who put in a splendid shot which the goal-keeper just managed to save at the expense of a corner. Nothing resulted from this, and the Royal Irish again took up the attack and the combination of their forwards being too much for the Hornets' backs, they scored their third goal by a splendid shot from Slater, which just entered the goal at the side of the post.

Royal Irish .... 3 goals.
Hornets .... nil.

Teams :—

Royal Irish : Goal Flerey; backs, Wise and Dee, half-backs Taylor, Lyons and Bailey; forwards, Carr, Slater, Lieut. Mockler, O'Brien, and Payne.

Hornets : Goal, Navin ; backs, H. James, and W. James ; half-backs, Bradbury, Alikhan and Finnigan ; forwards, MacDermott, Hildreth, Ashton, Downes, and Windsor.

Referee :—Sergt. Tilley R. F. A. (Bangalore.)

THE R. G. A. INCIDENT.

The Honorary Secretary of the Western India Association writes as follows :—The fact of the R. G. A. not turning up to play against the York and Lanc. Regiment on Monday has raised a number of rumours. At a full Council meeting of the W. I. F. A. it was decided that the error was entirely due to a misunderstanding as regards the rules and regulations of the tournament, and the R.G.A. have been entirely exonerated for their omission to play last Monday. It has been arranged that they play in No. 5 Match, which is advertised as Dorsets vs. Inniskilling Fusiliers as the latter have scratched.

THE DURAND CUP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 24.

In the Durand football tournament to-day, the Gordons beat the Black Watch by two goals to love and the 3rd Royal Fusiliers beat the Maymoths Club by four goals to love.

CALCUTTA RUGBY CUP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 24.

In the Calcutta Rugby Cup competition, the West Ridings, who in such a sensational manner beat the Leicesters after three drawn games, by 44 points, won the cup to-night defeating Calcutra by 13 points. The first half was well contested, the soldiers scoring only a try, but during the second moiety they put in two more tries each of which was converted.

The Cup was then presented to the skipper of the West Ridings.

The game was witnessed by a large number of spectators.

POLO AT POONA.

Another Day of Heavy Scores.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 24.

Three more games in connection with the junior polo tournament were played this evening before a very large and appreciative gathering. The first was between the 33rd Light Cavalry and the 7th Dragoon Guards from Secunderabad who had a one goal handicap. The game in its early stages was fairly level—in fact in the second period it looked as if the Dragoons would win—but from the third chukker to the end the 33rd Cavalry kept their opponents on the defensive and adding five more goals came out winners by 7 to 3.

The 7th Hussars and the 26th Cavalry lined up for the second game which proved another excellent tussle up to the third chukker when both teams were level with two goals apiece. However, in the fourth the 26th, mainly through the dashing play of Chaytor, got a lead of two goals. The last chukker though characterised by good hard galloping throughout was not productive of any score, the game ending in a win for the 26th Cavalry by 4 goals to 2.

The 3rd Sappers and Miners met the 12th Pioneers in the last game of the evening allowing the latter a five goals handicap. The Engineers at once pressed home an attack and knocked three goals off this in the first chukker. In the next they added two more and drew level with the 12th. The latter now played up better and held the Sappers in check for a while, but at length they broke away and scored two goals at short intervals. In the fourth chukker after desultory play for the greater part of the time the Sappers added another goal and five more in the last period coming out winners by 13 goals to 5.

KHOST OUTLAW KILLED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 24.

News has been received that the well known Khost outlaw, Gullayan Istaka Wazir, who was leader in much of the mischief on the North West Frontier of recent years, has been killed in an inter-tribal quarrels his death is likely to be an important factor for peace on this turbulent border.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 24,

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge dined to-night with Field Marshall Lord Nicholson,

The Admiralty have decided to construct a range of sheds for hydro-aeroplanes at Cockleshell Hard' near Port Victoria, on the opposite shore to Sheerness. Whether these will supersede or be supplementary to the Eastchurch depot is not known. The Admiralty are having a number of hydroplane target constructed for the use of the Royal Naval School of Aviation. A base for hydro-aeroplanes is to be established on the north shore of the Firth of Forth to the east of the Forth Bridge and close to the heavy battery at Carlingnose. The place is not more than two miles from Rosyth and little more than four from Crombie.

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SEPTEMBER PLATE
5 Furlongs, 4 to 1 The Field.
THE PADDOCK PLATE.
6 Furlongs, 10 to 1 The Field.
THE TURF CLUB CUP.
1½ Mile 8 to 1 The Field.
THE KHANDALA PLATE.
1¼ Mile, 10 to 1 The Field.
THE GHORPURI PLATE.
1 Mile, 6 to 1 The Field.
THE KHARAKWASLA PLATE.
6 Furlongs, 10 to 1 The Field.
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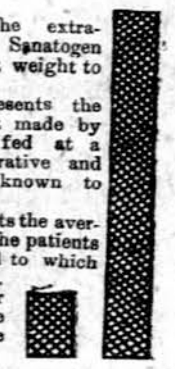
LOSS OF WEIGHT IN MALARIA.

How Doctors are working to Restore it.

The loss of body weight is one of the most noticeable of the direct consequences of Malaria. Obviously, therefore, it is one of those most distressing to the patient as well as to his friends, for it interferes in a marked manner with his appearance. From every point of view it is of the greatest importance that the weight which has been lost should be restored with the utmost rapidity. This is, necessarily, under ordinary conditions, a difficult thing to do, for the causes which have reduced the patient's digestive strength have likewise reduced his digestive powers, and weight can be acquired only through the digestive system.



This diagram shows the extraordinary way in which Sanatogen enables those who have lost weight to recover it.

The smaller figure represents the average increase in weight made by eight patients who were fed at a hospital on the most restorative and weight producing food known to the authorities.

The larger figure represents the average increase in weight of the patients treated with the same food to which Sanatogen had been added.

It will be noticed that their weight increased about five times as much in the same time.

Happily, as every doctor knows, when the acute stage of the fever is over a ready means of restoring this weight is at his hand by the use of Sanatogen. It does not matter whether the sufferer s an adult or a child, the effect of Sanatogen in uch conditions is invariably so rapid that it seems o act like a charm. This is due to its composiion—the body-building part of pure cow's milk hemically combined with that salt of phosphorus which is found in the brain and nervous system. The use of Sanatogen tones and revitalises every rgan of the body and, as it were, makes the feeble, lickering flame of life burn vigorously and trongly, so that the feeling of weakness which is o marked a characteristic of the sufferer from alaria rapidly vanishes. Sanatogen's power of ncreasing weight is strikingly shown in a case uoted by "The General Practitioner." "A woman ft. 7 in. in height had dwindled to 7st. 11lbs. he was ordered two teaspoonfuls of Sanatogen hrice daily. At the end of a week she had gained lb. 3 ozs., and at the end of three weeks she ad increased 7 lbs. in weight."

Sanatogen can be obtained at all chemists and azaars.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL
THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR,
COMMANDING.
Bombay, 25th Sept., 1912.

219. Parades E E Coy—The E E Company will arade at Apollo Bunder at 7 p.m. on Thursday 26th nstant, and proceed to Oyster Rock to man Defence ights.

215. Parades, No. 1 and 2 Cos.—Parades will be held under at the Head-quarters at 9-30 p. m.

No. 1 Company, Wednesday, 25th September 912.

No. 2 Company, Thursday, 26th September 1912.

Subject :—Section 21, 95 and 97 Infantry Traing 1911, and 15 pr. Gun Instruction.

Dress—Mufti.

198. Clothing—Members are requested to get fitted s soon as possible at the Tailor's shop at New Headuarters for White Uniform.

All Helmets, Badges and Chevrons should be returnd to Head-quarters with owner's name plainly arked.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL
R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 25th Sept., 1912.

532. Parades—"G" Company will parade at the ombay Gymkhana to-day Wednesday, the 25th stant, at 7-30 a.m.

Dress.—Uniform, Khaki shorts.

Recruits not in possession of uniform to parade in ufti.

Arms will be issued on parade.

II.—"G" Company will parade on Thursday eveng next, the 26th instant, at 9 p.m. outside the Gymhana.

Dress—Uniform, Khaki shorts and Helmets.

Arms will be issued on parade.

III.—"A" and "C" Companies Recruits will arade at the Old Head-quarters, Carnac Road, toay Wednesday the 25th instant at 7-30 a. m.

IV. All Recruits of "F" Company will parade at e Old Head-quarters, Carnac Road, on Tuesdays and idays, at 7 a. m. until further orders.

Dress—Mufti.

533. Enrolment—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and ted to "E" Company :—

No. 5644 Cyclist A R Belton.

(Sd.) E. G. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Bombay, 25th Sept., 1912.

Riding School for Recruits daily from 7-30 a. m.

In co-operation with the Bombay Volunteer es, a parade will be held at Jacob's Circle at 9 p. m. Thursday next, the 26th Instants. Members should nge to have their horses sent out to place of Renvous so as to enable them to fall in at 9 p.m. nctually.

Dress—Khaki, and hunting saddles, Bandoliers, and stbelts will be worn.

Members are kindly requested to draw their dlery from Head-quarters Council, Road, between hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. R.
for O-Commanding Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 6th Sept, 1912.	Total from 1st April to 6th Sept 1912.	For week ending 6th Sept, 1911.	Total from 1st April to 6th Sept 1911
sels piloted into Harbour.	23	523	16	509
sels piloted out of Harbour.	17	526	24	519
sels transported	16	386	11	345
els attended to	2	50	3	34
els warped	...	38	...	20

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MEN AND MATTERS.

Mr. Norman Hunter, who was temporarily incapacitated from play in the American Amateur Golf Championship, in spite of a very gallant struggle against the intense heat prevailing on the course, is one of the best-known of the younger players Great Britain. He is a member of the Honourable Company of Edinburgh Golfers, as well as of the Royal and Ancient, Royal St. George's, Tantallon, and Woking Clubs, and won the King William IV. medal at St. Andrews in 1904. General sympathy will be felt with him at his bad luck in the American tournament.

General Pau, the French Special Attache at the Swiss military manœuvres, who was presented to the German Emperor, has had a most distinguished military career. He has held the commands of the Sixteenth and Twentieth Army Corps, and is a Commander of the Legion of Honour. His meeting with the Kaiser must have evoked memories on both sides, since the General lost his right arm in the Franco-Prussian War.

M. Pierre Loti, who has just sailed from Havre for New York has provided his impresario with an exceedingly difficult task. The distinguished author has stipulated that he will travel incognito, that he will not be interviewed, and will receive no one; and, finally, that he will not under any conditions whatsoever travel in a tramcar, which he has just characterised as "the crowning disgrace of our generation." It may be asked why, in these circumstances, M. Loti has decided to go to New York at all. The fact is that his "Fille de Ciel" is about to be produced at the "Millionaires' Theatre." whose management desires to make the production such an artistic success that they have succeeded in inducing the author to superintend the staging. For our sakes, if not for M. Loti's, we almost hope that the American reporter will break through these onerous conditions, for the result should be some extremely caustic comments on the present state of civilisation in God's Own Country.

Miss Morgan, ex-Mayor of Brecon, will be presented next month with an illuminated address and her portrait, in commemoration of her having been the first woman to hold the office of Mayor in Wales. On the conclusion of the year of office the ladies of Brecon decided on this public recognition, and it is interesting to note that among the signatories to the address is Mrs. Lees, who has occupied the mayoral chair of Oldham.

Semper aliquid novum ex—U.S.A. The latest new thing in the States is an attempt to amalgamate religion and politics, by means of a new movement known as the "Liberal Organisation of Denver," which is in the favoured State of Colorado. Its promoters hope to purge local politics and raise the standard of local life through the practical application of Christian doctrines. Such a movement would certainly find enough to occupy itself with in New York State.

It is doubtful whether any municipality has ever discussed such a topic as that which is agitating the Eastbourne Municipality, which, is mightily exercised over the fact that its musical director faces the public when conducting the town band, instead of turning his back to the audience. Impartial consideration of the facts might perhaps lead to the conclusion that this was a matter for the conductor himself to decide; but if a municipality possess the luxury of an orchestra, it no doubt considers that those who pay the piper are entitled to decide not only on the time, but on the manner of its rendering as well.

The attempts at Nicotian culture in England and Ireland, recall the almost almost-forgotten fact that the divine herb was once raised in Scotland. This was during the War of Independence, which led to a scarcity of the fragrant weed, and the counties of Roxburgh and Selkirk were especially noted for their crops. Unfortunately the lawyers discovered that tobacco cultivation was not in legal accordance with the Act of Union, so that the crops were bought by the Government and destroyed. History does not record whether the Scottish "weed" was equal in flavour to the beverage of the country.

Dr. Sarah Wells, who has just died in her native State of Ohoi at the advanced age of 78, was not only one of the first woman physicians in the United States but was the first qualified lady doctor to be appointed to superintend the health of the inmates of a Turkish harem. She had travelled widely, having spent many years in Turkey and India.

Sir David Bruce, who has just transmitted to England some interesting details of the fight which he is waging in Nyassaland against sleeping sickness has combined military with scientific distinction in an unusual degree. He went through the South African War, including the siege of Ladysmith, where he was specially promoted; has been President of the Physiological Section of the British Association is a Medal-list of the Royal Society, and a Prizeman of the British Medical Association and is a member of several foreign scientific societies. His greatest work has been in the investigation of sleeping sickness, and he also presided over the recent "Malta Fever" Commissioner.

Trinity College, Cambridge, where the King stayed, in during the manœuvres is no stranger to the entertainment of Princes. In the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries the dramatic muse seems to have been very active at Trinity. There is a curious letter addressed by the "heads and fellows" of the collage to Elizabeth's Lord Burleigh stating that they were "going to perform certains comedies and one tragedy; and as there were in the tragedy certain personages of the highest rank to be represented in ancient princely attire which was nowhere to be had but in the office of the robes in the Tower, they humbly supplicated to be indulged with the loan of some of these, on their depositing a sufficient pledge for their security." There is an ancient controversy between the "House" at Oxford and Trinity, Cambridge, as to which has the finer court, the Oxford view being represented by Evelyn, a Balliol man, who declared summarily that though "Trinity College is said by some to be the fairest quadrangle of any University in Europe, in truth it is far inferior to that of Christ Church." However that may be, there is no college in the world with such an honours-roll as Trinity. "My own Trinity," as Macaulay rather characteristically called it, has never been without its representatives in the world of art, science, and politics, and the name of Isaac Newton alone would have sufficed to establish its fame.

The suggestion which has been made that the Post Office should be administered, by a permanent Board instead of by a member of the Administration, on lines similar to the proposal put forward many years ago by Mr. W. H. Smith, draws attention to the fact that there are no fewer than seven former Postmaster-Generals still alive, including every occupant of the post for the last twenty years. The senior is Lord Eversley, who, when still in the House of Commons, relinquished the office of First Commissioner of Works upon the death of Henry Fawcett to become Postmaster-General in the closing months of Mr. Gladstone's second Administration, and who in that capacity saw the passing of the Act establishing the popular sixpenny telegram.

Mr. Arnold Morley, whose name has just been brought to public attention by his appointment as Chairman of a Royal Commission, was Mr. Gladstone's last Postmaster-General, and remained at St. Martin's-le-Grand during Lord Rosebery's tenure as head of the Government. All his successors are now prominent politicians. The four occupants of the post during the Administrations of Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour were successively the Duke of Norfolk, the Marquis of Londonderry, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, and the Earl of Derby, then Lord Stanley; while Mr. Herbert Samuels predecessor was, of course, Mr. Sydney Buxton. whose five years' control of the great revenue collecting department formed a comparatively long stay only equalled in recent years by that of the Duke of Norfolk.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

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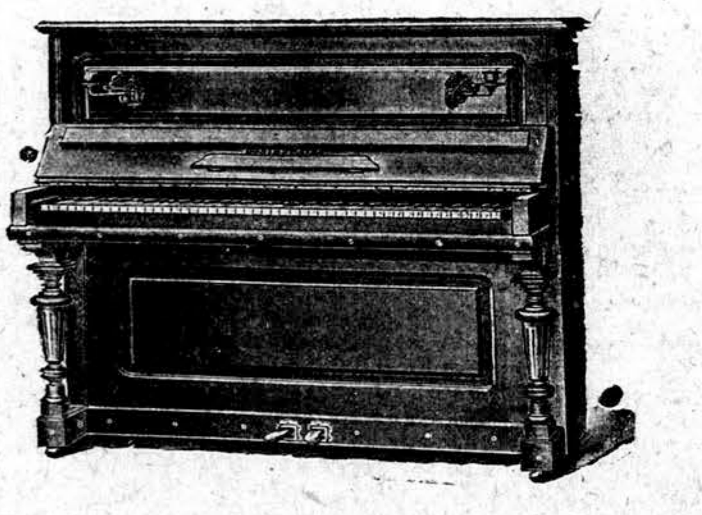

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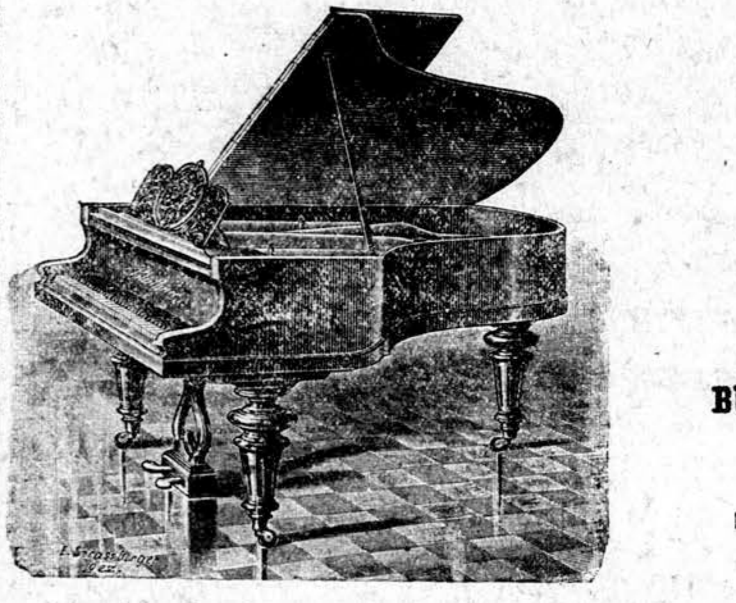

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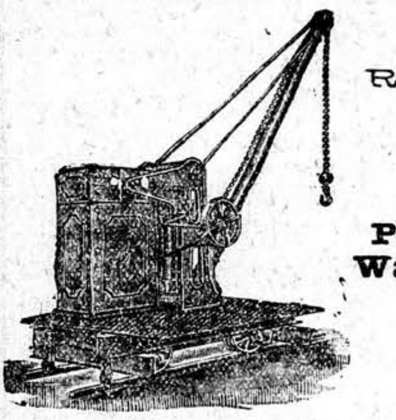

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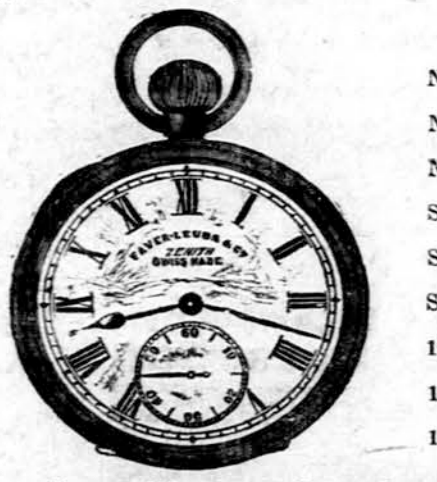

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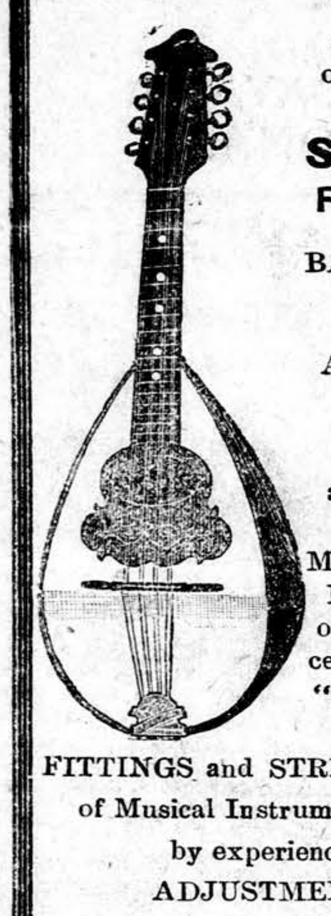

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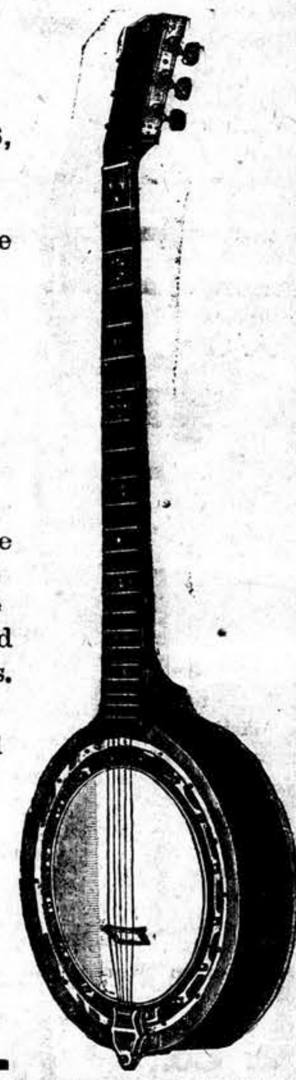

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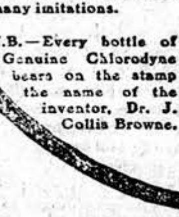

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